AY 4: The Stars

- Instructor: Mike Bolte ISB 356
- Lectures: T/Th 2pm 3:45 pm
- Sections: optional although labs will be administered through the sections and people who attend the sections do better in the class!
- Book: There isn't one!
- Note: Everything related to the class can be found at http://www.ucolick.org/~bolte/AY4

Grades

- Grades: best four of five quizzes plus two labs (done in sections).
- Homework questions will be assigned and some of the quiz questions will taken from the homeworks.
- Option final.

Philosophy

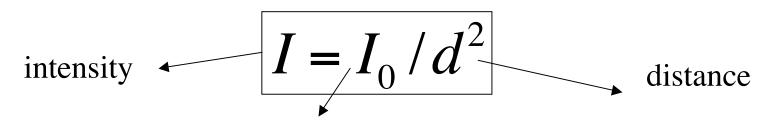
- Understand the process of scientific investigation.
- Learn some astronomy. The details are not so important, the fact that we have been able to learn so much about the Universe is a more important point.

Quantitative - the `Q' thing

• How would the appearance of the Sun change if it were moved to twice its current distance?

Qualitative answer: It would get fainter.

Quantitative answer:



Original intensity

It would be 1/(2x2)=1/4 as bright



The Plan

- Telescopes
- Earth Motions
- Physics background
- Properties of Stars (mass, size, energy output, temperature)
- How stars work
- The lifecycle of stars
- Stellar death white dwarfs, neutron stars, black holes and the formation of the elements

Note! This class is NOT about

- Planets (AY 3)
- The Big Bang (AY 5)
- The Accelerating Universe (AY 5)
- Dinosaur-Murdering Killer Asteroids (AY 8)

Q. Astronomy is most closely related to:

a)Cosmetology
b) The Human Genome Project
c) Astrology
d) Physics

Q. While `at' the telescope, most astronomers wear:

a) Down Jackets

b) Trendy Patagonia Synchilla Jackets

c) Politically incorrect animal furs

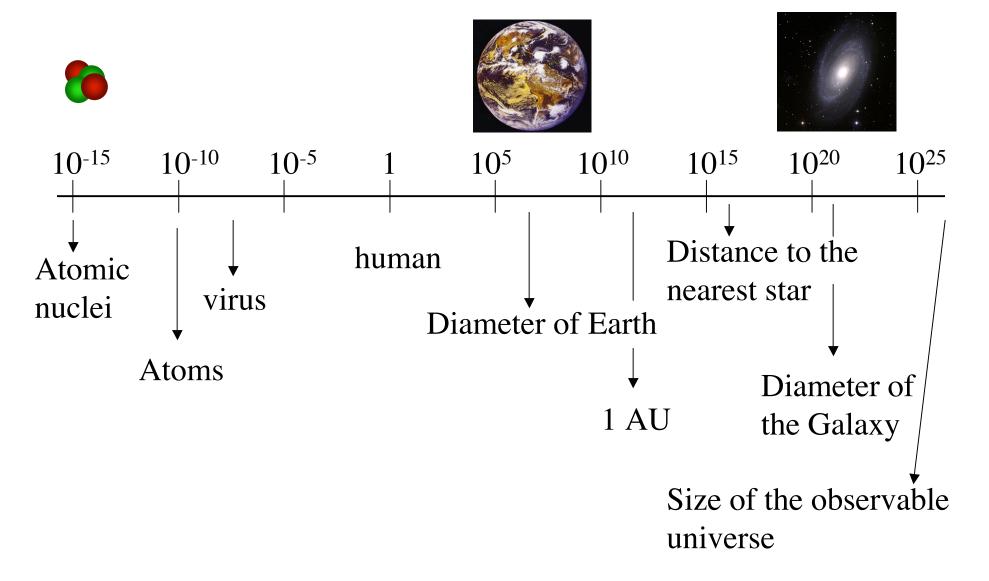
d) Bermuda shorts and Hawaiian shirts



Astronomy as a Career

- Typical path to astro-career
 - Undergraduate degree in Physics
 - 5 to 7 years in graduate school in A&A leading to PhD
 - 3 to 6 years as a research postdoc
 - Faculty position at some University
- Around 50% head in other directions
 - Aerospace, software, financial markets

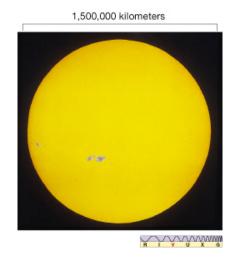
Our Place in Size Scales



Scale of the Universe

15,000 kilometers



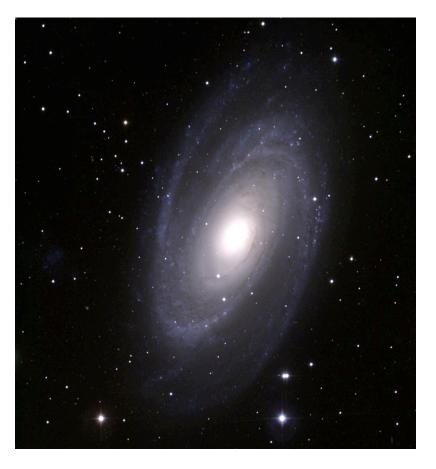


Earth

X5 。

- It is hard to get the scale of the Solar System in our heads, impossible to really comprehend the size of the Universe.
- Scale the Sun to the size of a human.
- Earth will be <u>300 yards</u> from the Sun
- Pluto will be <u>4 miles</u> from the Sun
- Nearest star would be <u>30000</u> miles away...

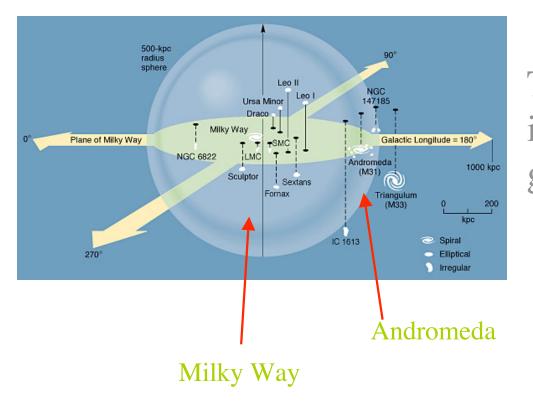
Scale: Galaxies



- A large spiral galaxy like the Milky Way Galaxy contains around <u>100 billion</u> stars.
- We live in the suburbs of the Milky Way Galaxy

Groups of Galaxies

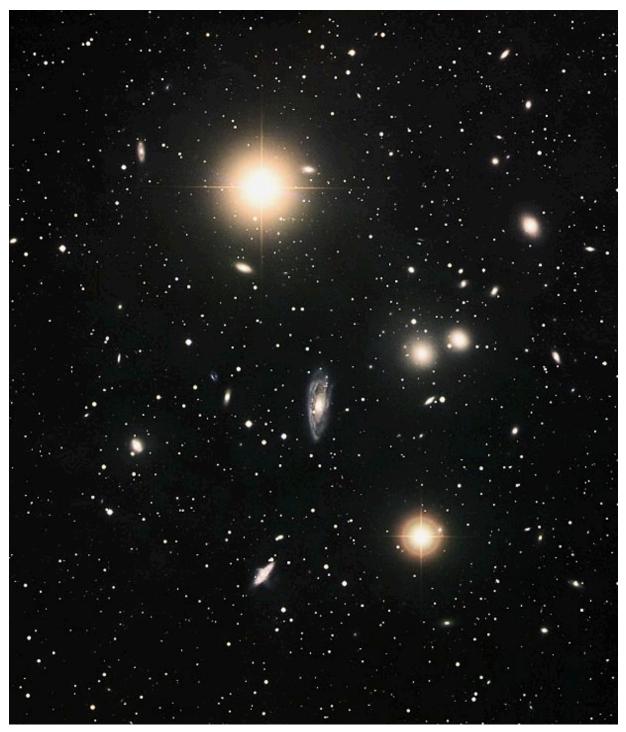
6 million light years

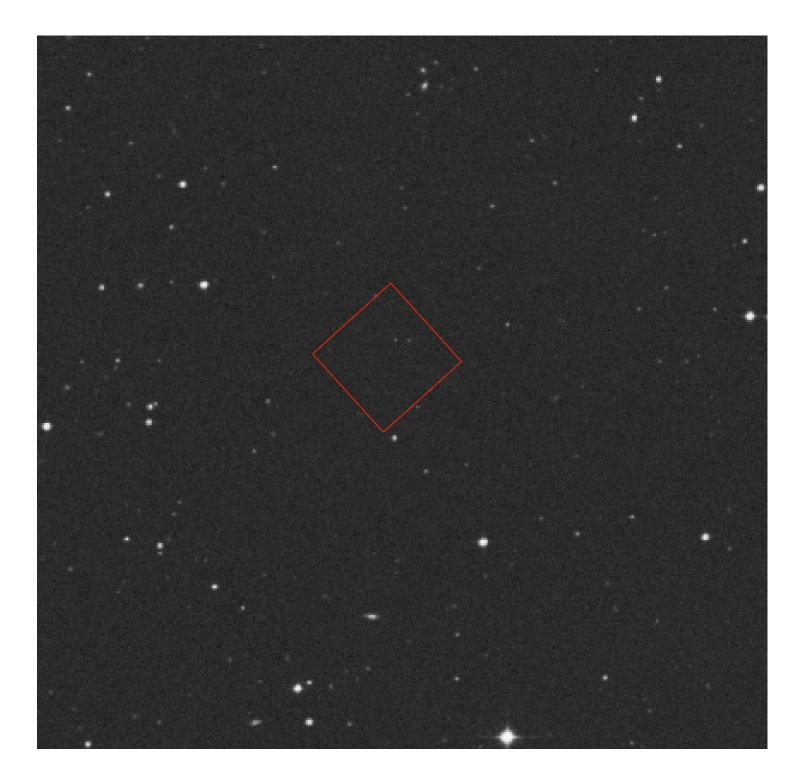


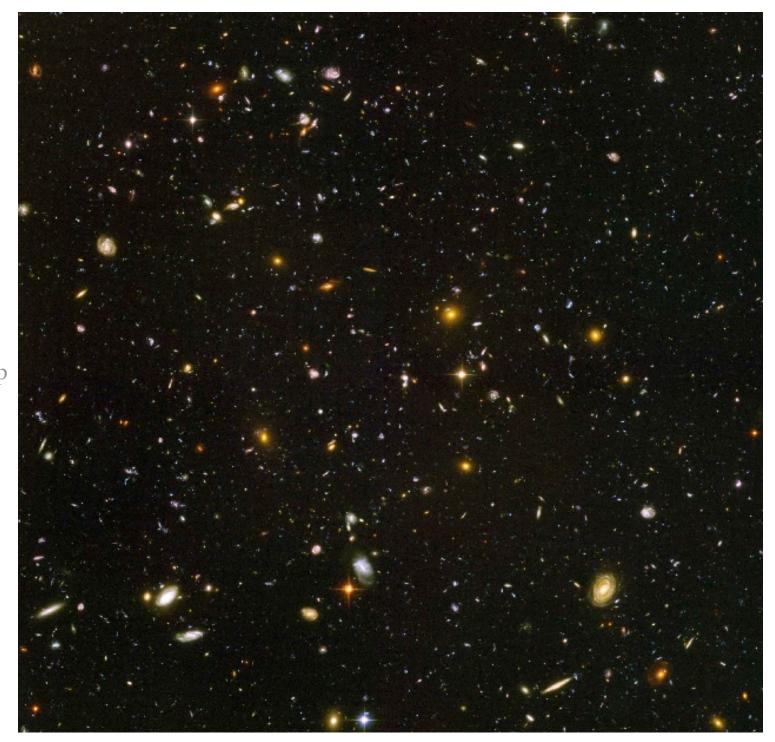
The Milky Way Galaxy is a member of a small group of galaxies.



There are many clusters of galaxies in the nearby Universe



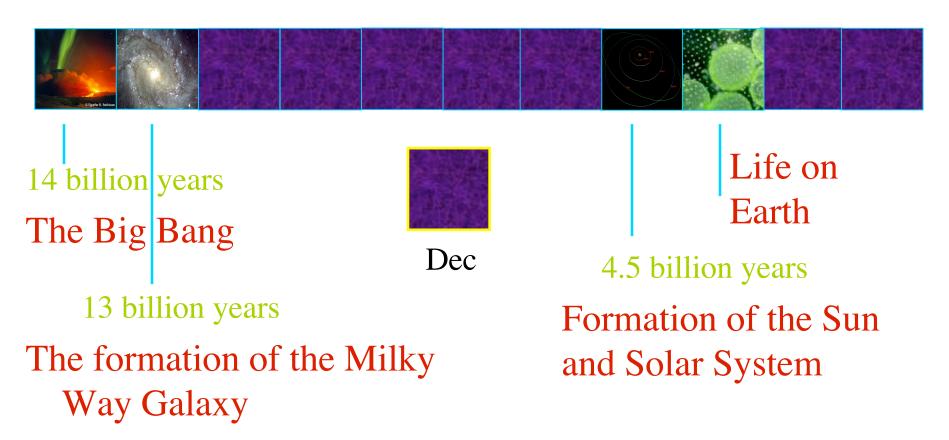




Hubble UltraDeep Field

Our Place in Time

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov



December of the Cosmic Year

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Firs	t vertebrate		First amph		
		A.	First land p	lants	First re	ptiles
22	23 The Great	24 First	25 First	26	First 27	28
	Dying	and the second se	Mammals		birds	
		and all a				
29	30	9:24pm - First human ancestor to walk upright 31				
First primate,		11:30pm - Fire becomes human tool.				
Asteroid		11:54pm - Homo Sapiens appears				
wipes out		11:59:50pm - The pyramids are build				
Dinos		11:59:59pm - Columbus sails to the New World				