



China Lijiang IFU

CHILI

Lei Hao, Shanghai Astronomy Observatory

Chinese Telescope Facilities

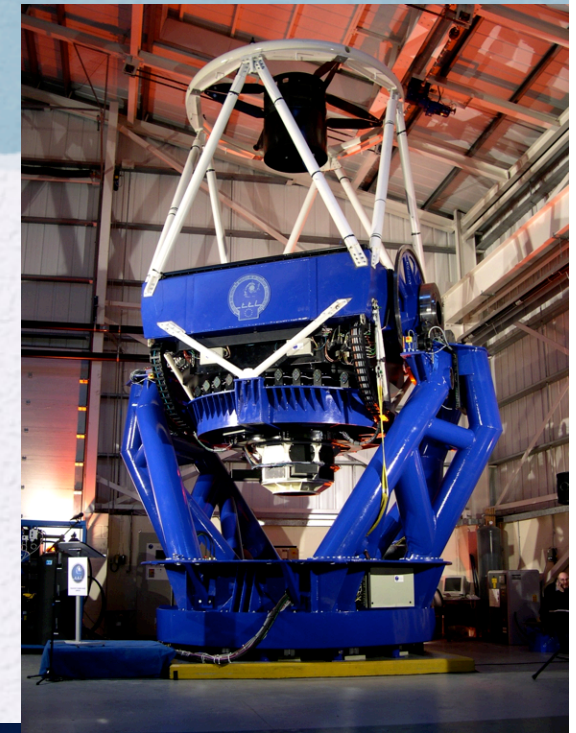
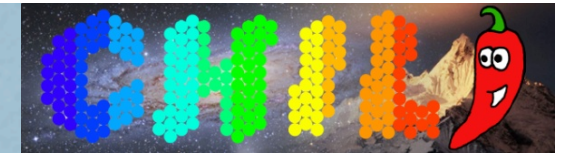
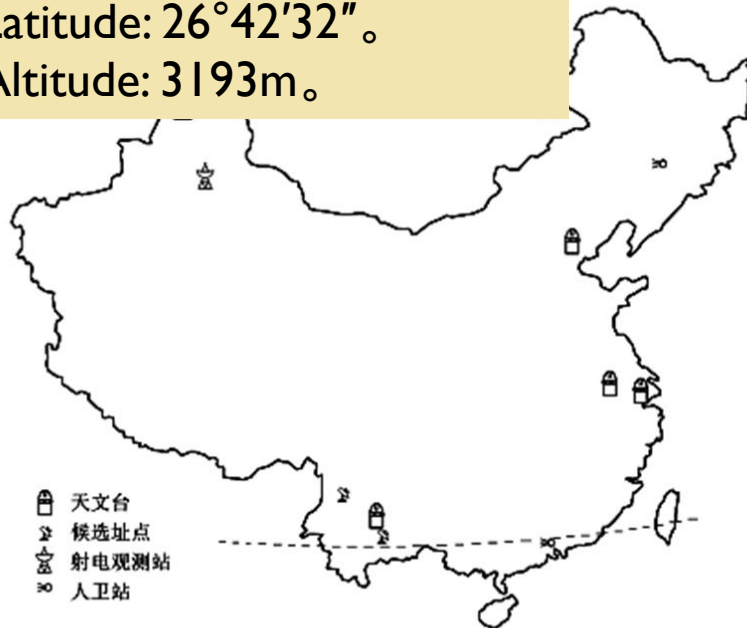
Credit: Prof. Jinming Bai



Background

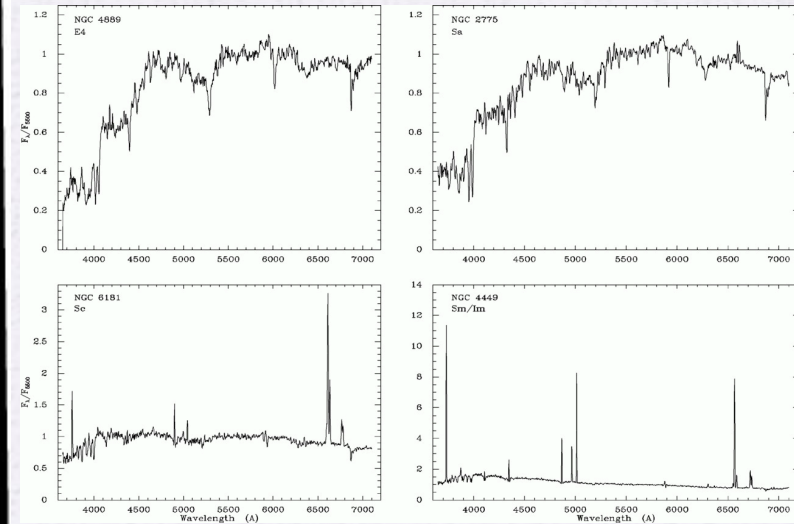
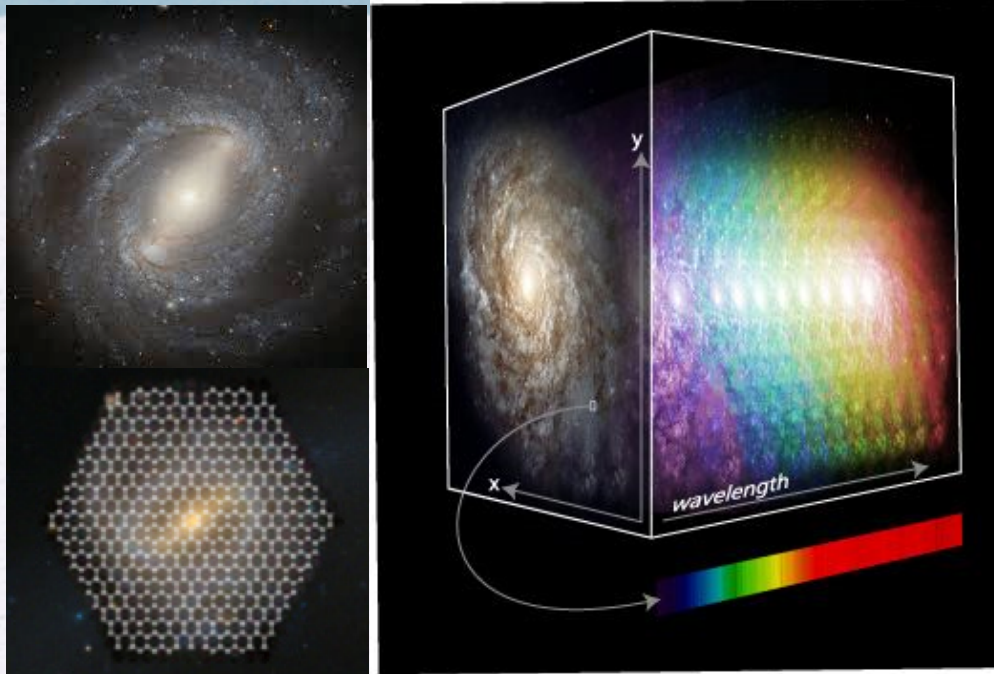
- Optical facilities in China
 - LAMOST
 - Lijiang 2.4m, 2.16m in Xinglong

Longitude : $100^{\circ}01'51''$,
Latitude: $26^{\circ}42'32''$ 。
Altitude: 3193m。





Background

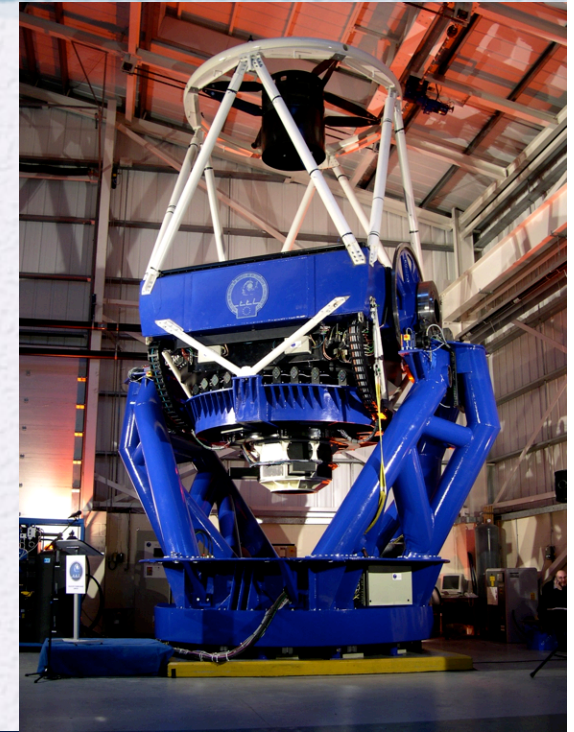


- 2D spectroscopy: obtain the spectra of multiple regions simultaneously
- IFU: many science possibilities, on telescopes with different apertures
- Structures and maps of properties, such as the Starformation, mass, metallicity, AGN feeding and feedback, kinematics, etc.



Background

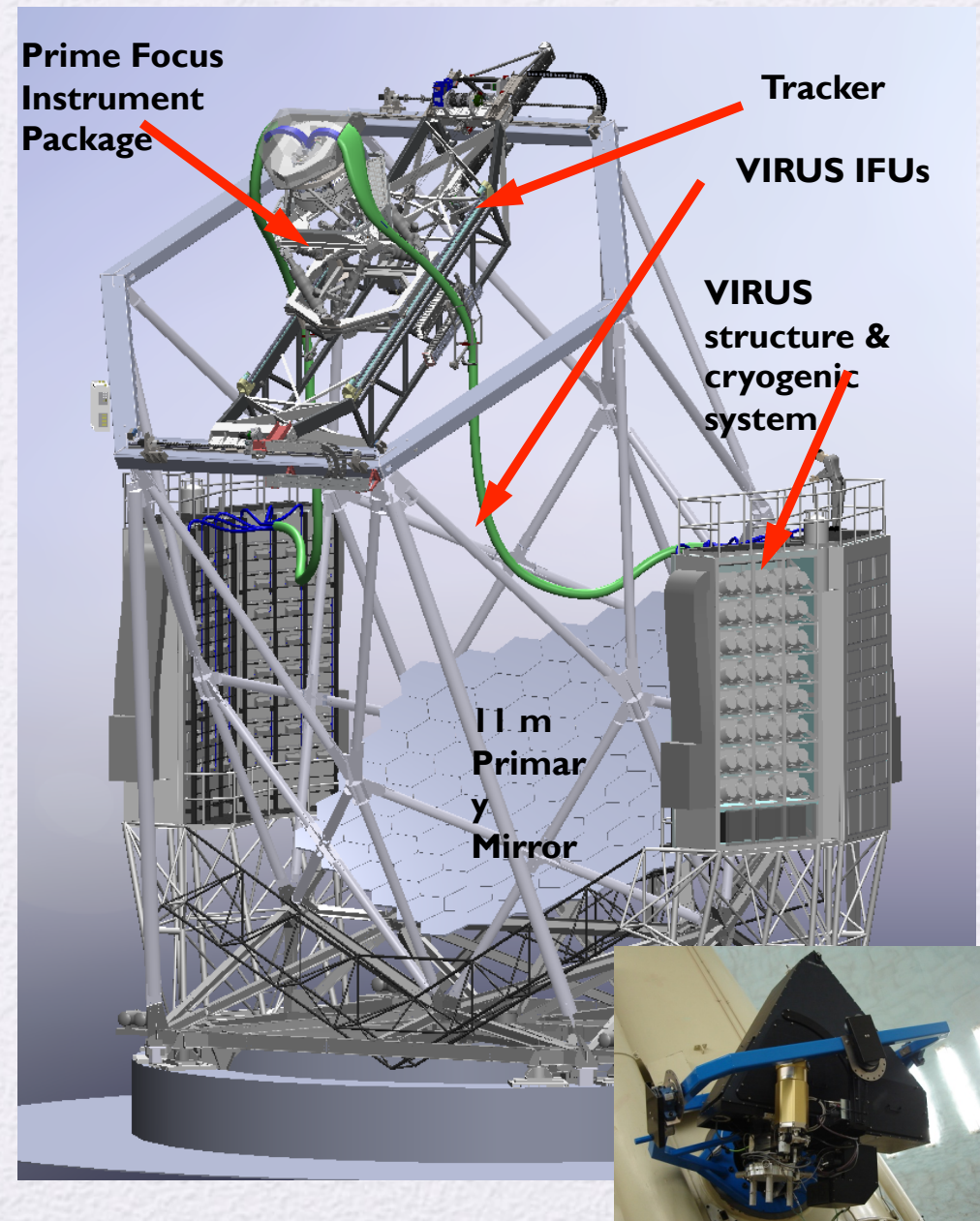
- HETDEX collaboration, copy of a VIRUS unit, $\sim 2 \times$ VIRUS-P



2.4m telescope in Lijiang

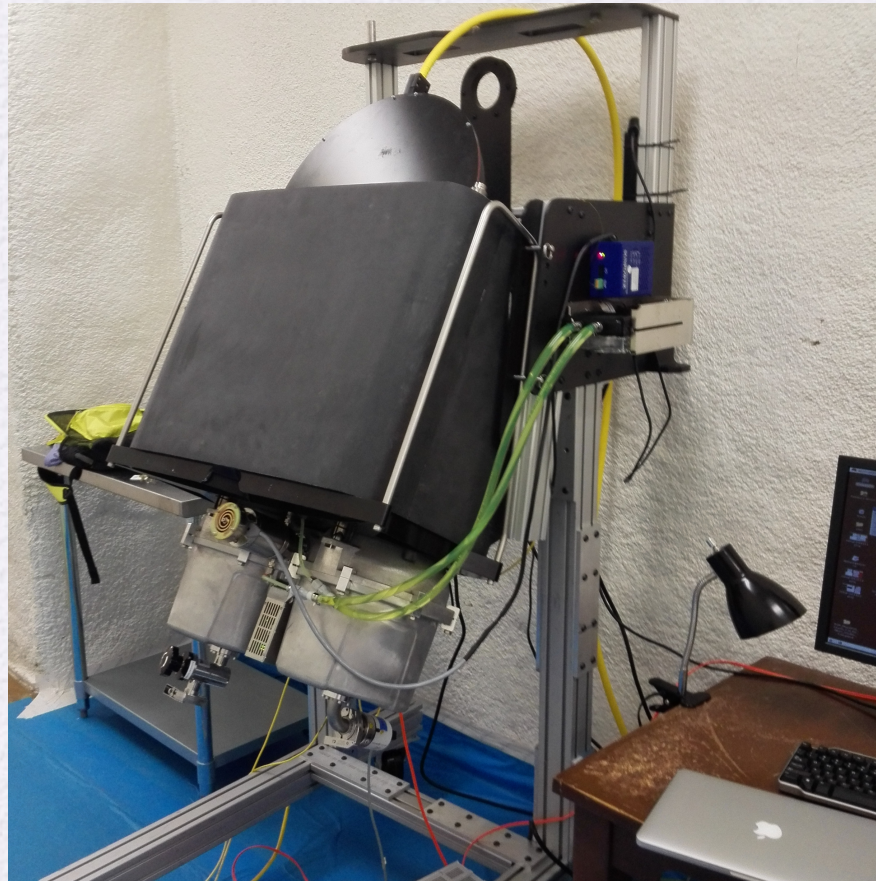
HETDEX: Hobby Eberly Telescope Dark Energy Experiment

- HETDEX is:
 - Upgrade of HET to have a new wide 22' field of view
 - Deployment of the hugely replicated spectrograph, **VIRUS**, putting **>33,000** fibers on sky, **per exposure**
 - **3-5 year blind** spectroscopic survey
- HETDEX will:
 - map a million LAEs ($1.9 < z < 3.5$) and a million [OII] emitters ($z < 0.5$)
 - measure expansion history to 1% precision at $z \sim 2.5$
 - determine if dark energy evolves, looking back 11 billion years
 - measure curvature of the universe to 0.1% (better than Planck)
- HETDEX is a unique **blind** spectroscopic survey with many other applications



CHILI

- HETDEX collaboration, copy of a VIRUS unit, ~2xVIRUS-P

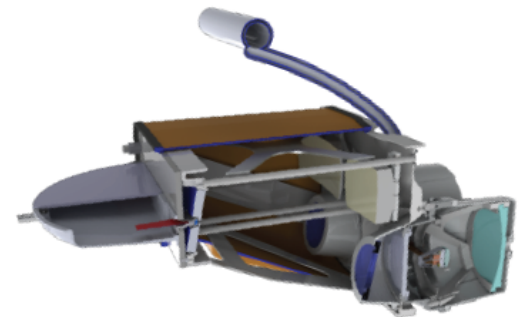
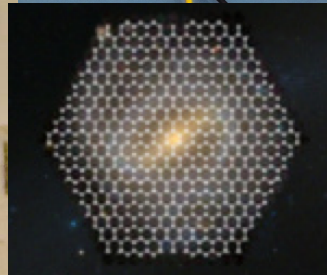
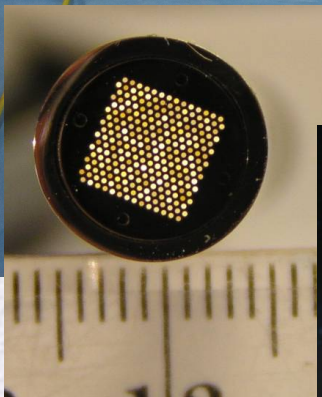
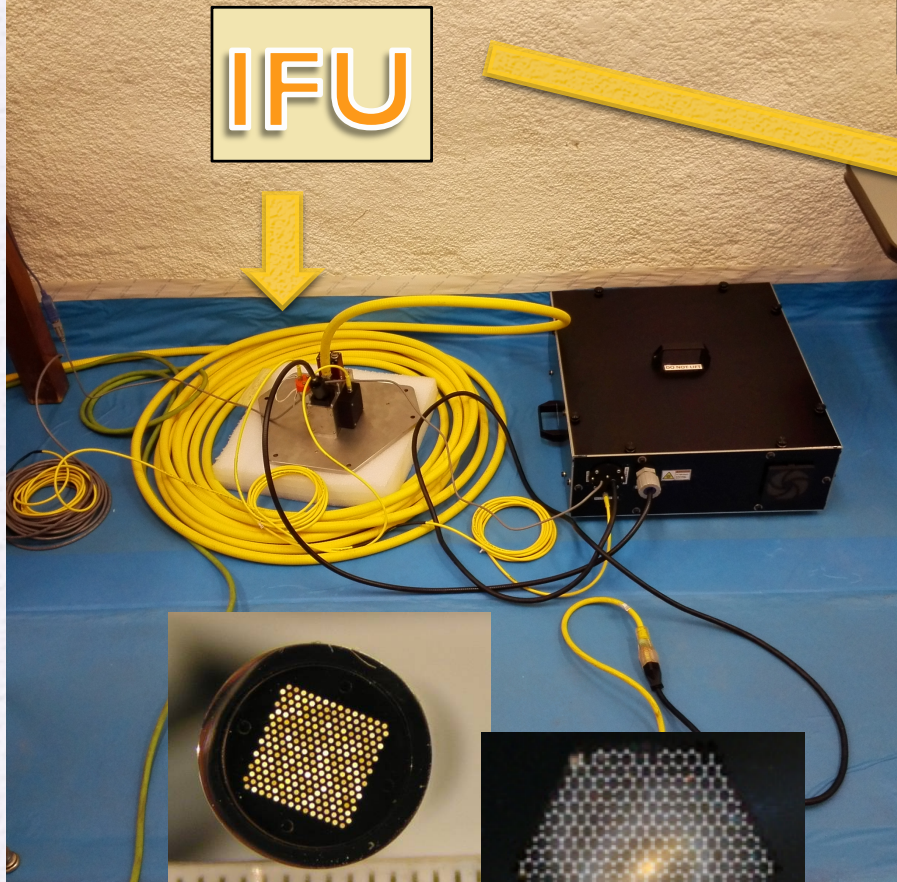


CHILI

SPECTRAGRAPH

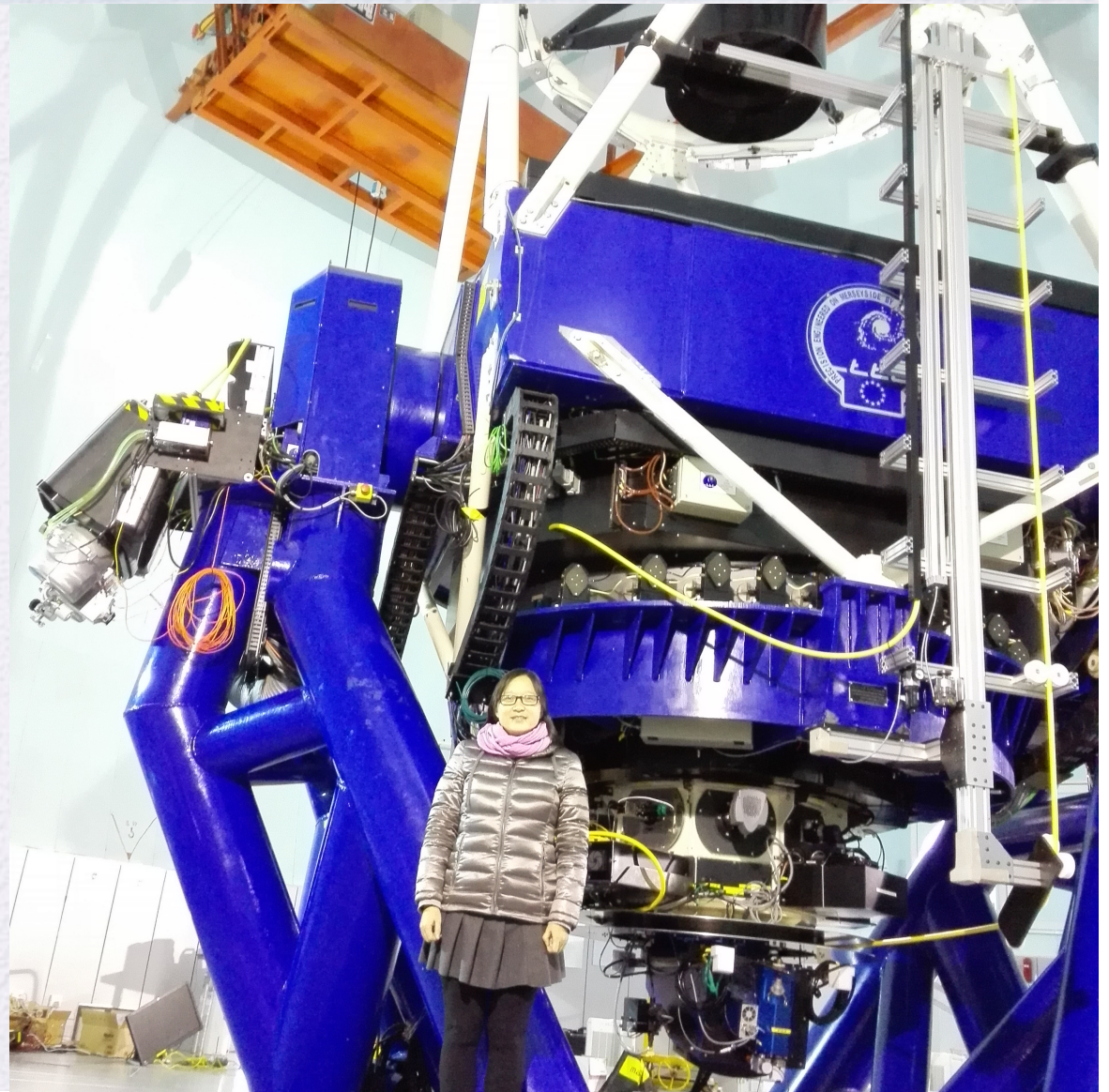


IFU



CHILI

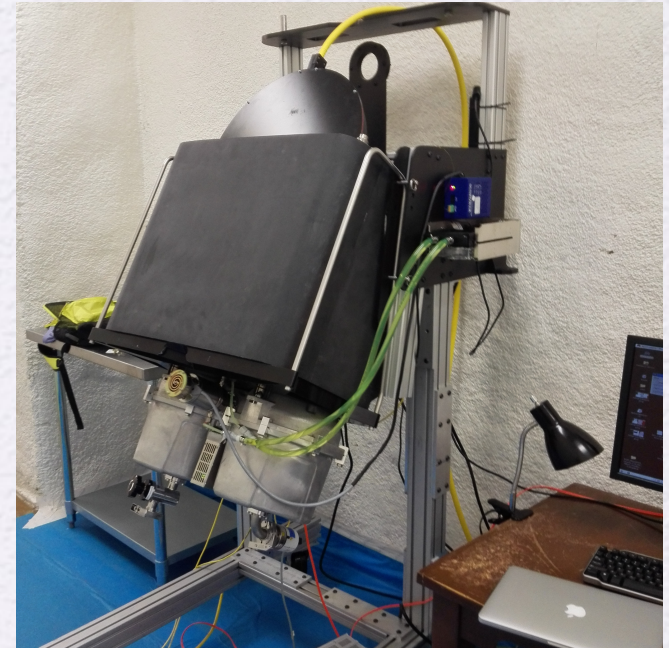
- CHILI on the telescope





CHILI

- HETDEX collaboration, copy of a VIRUS unit, $\sim 2 \times$ VIRUS-P
- **494** fibers, each fiber **3.2** arcsec
 - VIRUS-P: 246 fibers, each 4.2"
 - MaNGA: 17x19-127 fibers, each 2"
- The total field of view is **71" x 65"**
 - Almost 100% filling factor
 - VIRUS-P: 100" x 100", at 1/3 filling
 - MaNGA: <32", at 60% filling
- R=**900** (\sim VIRUS-P) and R \sim **2000** (\sim MaNGA),
- Spectral coverage: **360-720nm**
 - \sim VIRUS-P, not as broad as MaNGA
- Red and blue are not observed simultaneously
 - \sim VIRUS-P, Different from MaNGA



VENGA and MaNGA

• **VENGA**

- VIRUS-P Exploration of Nearby Galaxies

- 30 disk galaxies

- Deep integration, wide FOV: 1.7'x1.7'

2.7 m
Harlan J. Smith
Telescope



• **MaNGA**

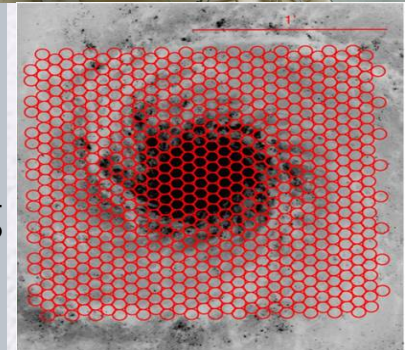
- IFU observations of ~10,000 galaxies, part of SDSS-IV

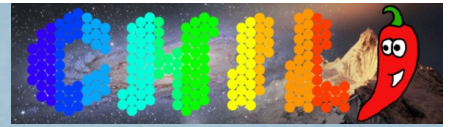
- FOV: <math><32''</math>

VIRUS-P



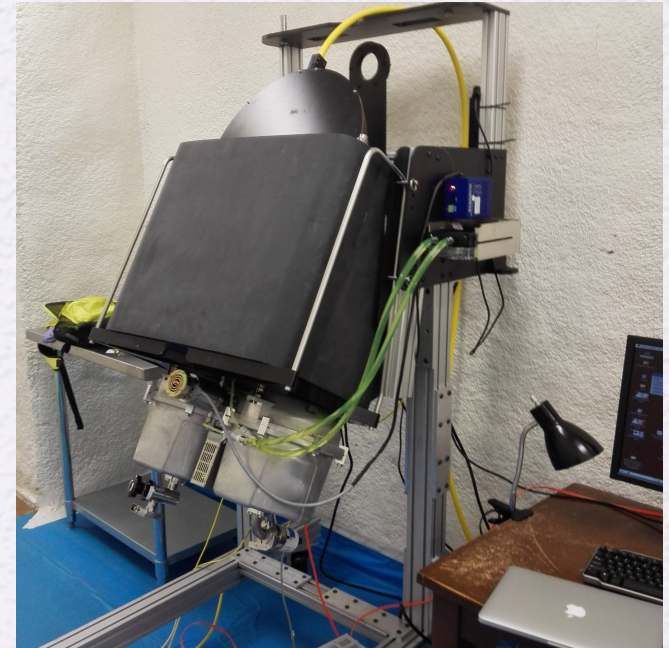
246 fibers
in one pointing
of VIRUS-P





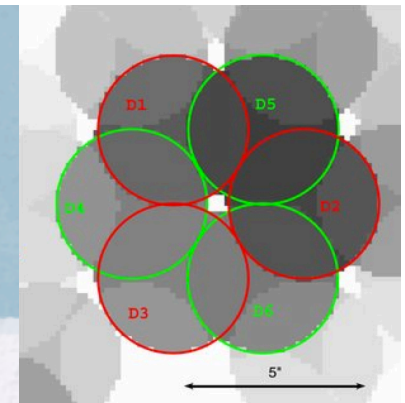
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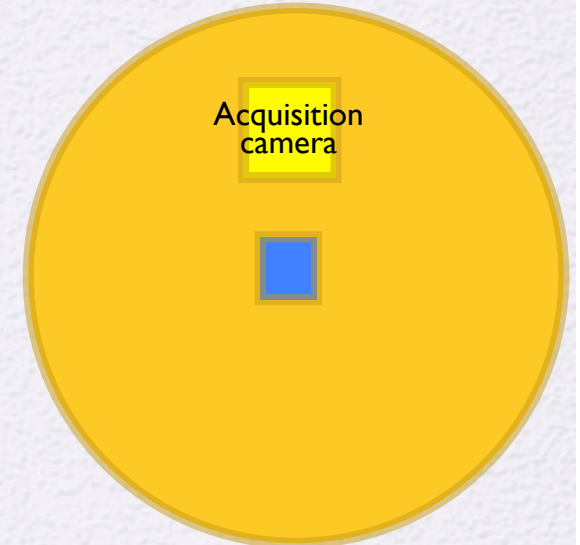


CHILI

- Big Field of View
 - microlense (~100% filling) : 71"x65"
 - SAURON: 33"x44", WiFeS: 38"x25"
 - 3 observations: >VIRUS-P by 33%
- Light bucket:
 - 100% filling+fat fibers: $f = \Sigma \bullet A$
 - Avoid Dither
 - Deep exposure

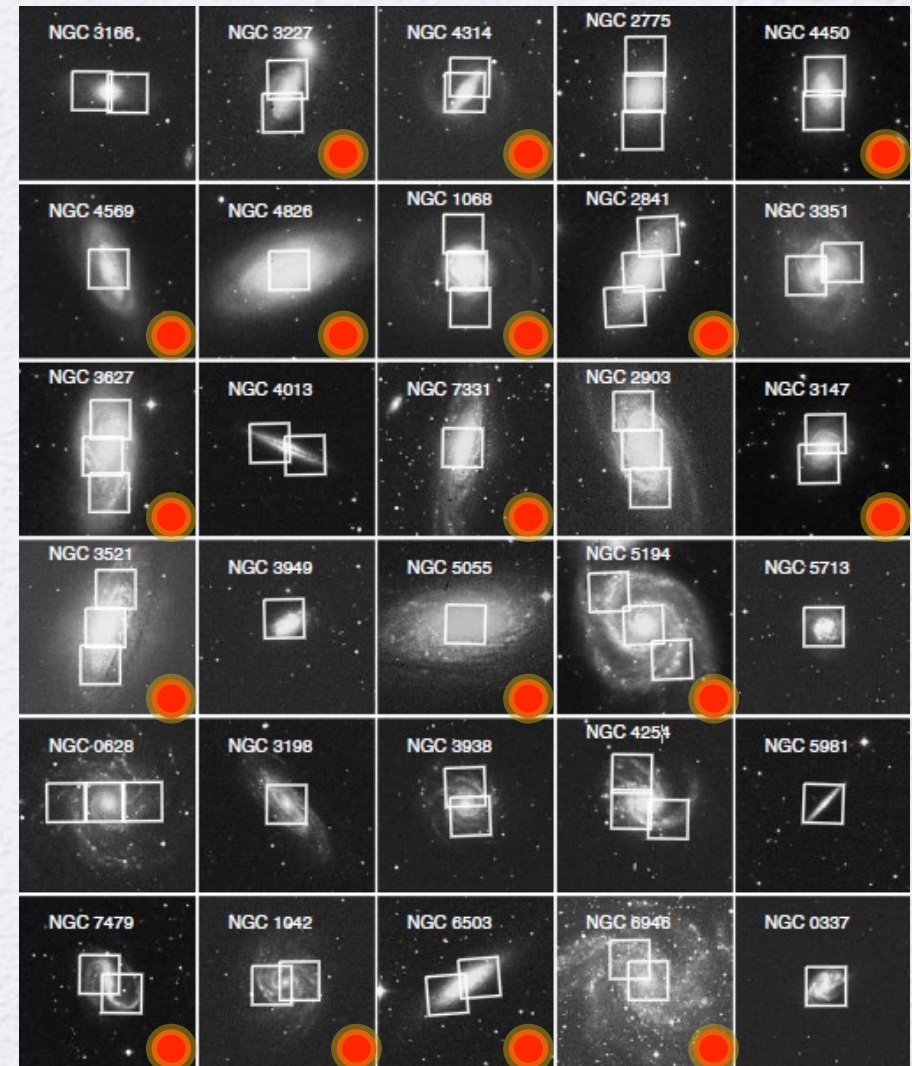


10' diameter



CHILI

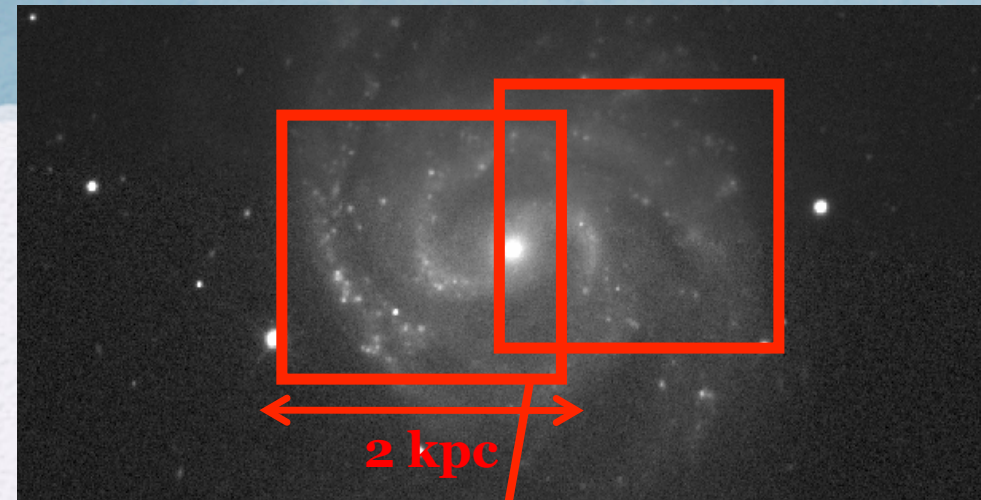
- FOV: 71x65 arcsec
 - 3 pointings:
 - 115 x 115 arcsec
 - $\sim 3 \times 1 \text{ arcmin}^2$
 - 9 pointings:
 - $3 \times 3 \text{ arcmin}^2$
 - Galaxies with **plenty multiwavelength data**
 - X-ray, UV, Infrared, submm, radio, for example, **MALATANG**
 - Probe gas and stars at different state



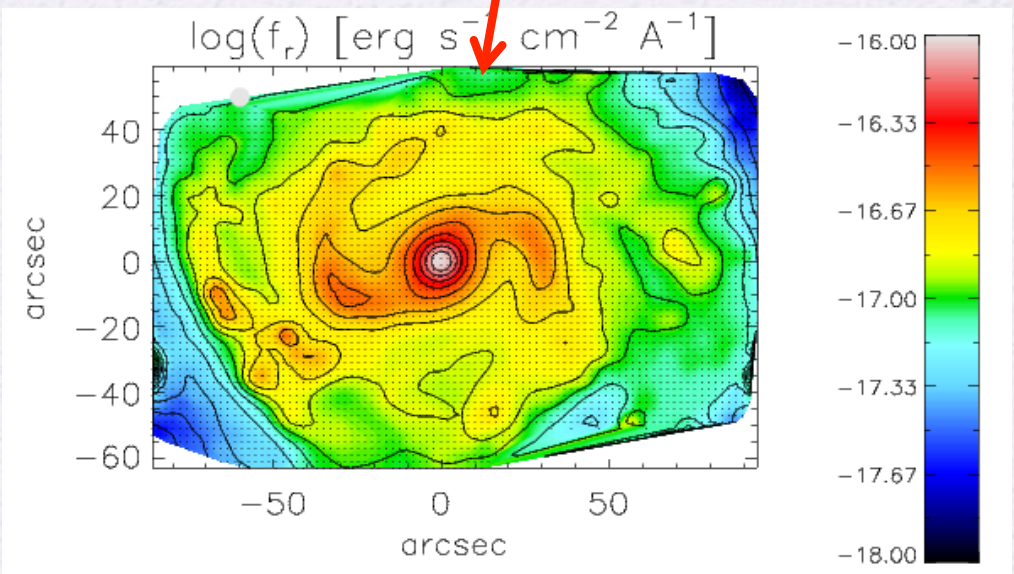
NGC 1042

- 1500 spectra in two pointings of VIRUS-P (3.6 kpc \times 2.2 kpc)
- Effective PSF FWHM: 5.6" (spatial resolution 112 pc)
- Total exposure time: 26.72 (hours)
- Median seeing: 2.20 "

Luo, Hao, et al., 2016, ApJ



SDSS r-band image of NGC 1042



Reconstructed map of r-band flux

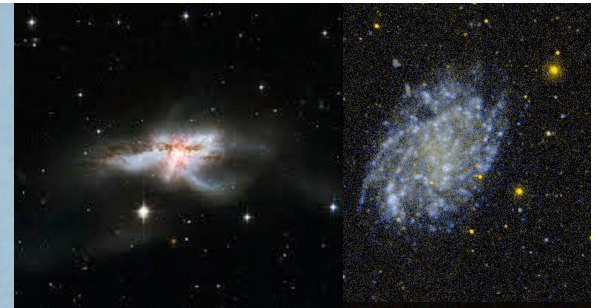
Table 2. Summary of VENGA Observations of NGC 1042

Pointing	Equatorial Coord.		Setup	Dither	Exposure Time	N	\langle Seeing \rangle	\langle Transparency \rangle
	α	δ						
P1	2:40:26.28 -8:26:07.70	red	D1	2.00	4	2.20	0.87	
		red	D2	3.5	7	2.29	0.87	
		red	D3	4	8	2.25	0.89	
		blue	D1	0.83	2	2.00	0.71	
		blue	D2	2.08	5	2.00	0.64	
		blue	D3	1.67	4	2.00	0.73	
P2	2:40:21.34 -8:25:56.10	red	D1	2.06	6	2.20	0.65	
		red	D2	2.50	5	2.52	0.67	
		red	D3	3.50	7	1.90	0.68	
		blue	D1	2.08	5	2.58	0.68	
		blue	D2	1.25	3	2.93	0.69	
		blue	D3	1.25	3	1.63	0.65	

Overall we spent 27 hours of exposure time on the 59 good frames of this galaxy. As a result, the spectra have high S/N ratios per spectral resolution element, with a median value at ~ 100 in the continuum. In the central parts ($500 \text{ pc} \times 500 \text{ pc}$) of the galaxy we typically have $S/N > 200$, while the spectra in the most outer regions (from 2.0 kpc to 2.5 kpc) have a median $S/N \sim 55$. We only have 20 out of 4789 spaxels (0.42%) with S/N less than 10.

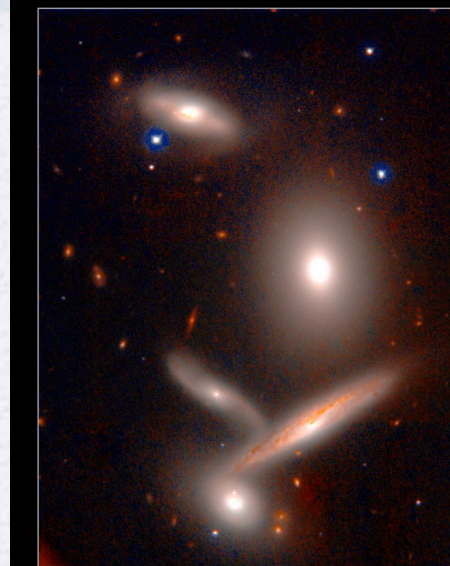
CHILI Sciences

- Galaxies
 - Not a survey
 - Individual nearby galaxies, extensive studies
 - Deep observations on some galaxies
 - Maybe a good compliment to existing IFU surveys

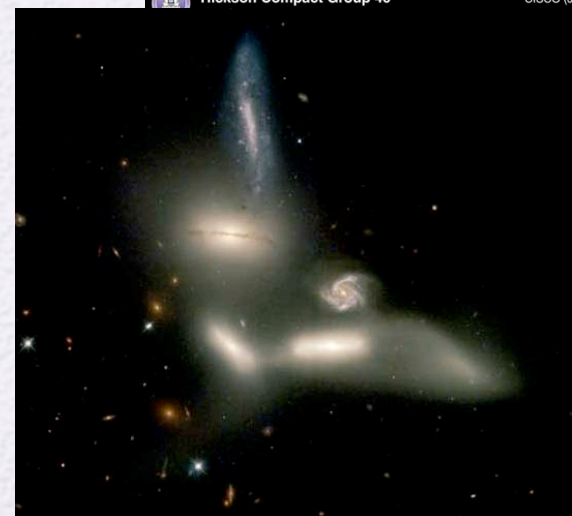


CHILI Sciences

- Galaxy groups
- PNe
- Globular Clusters
- SN hosts
-



Hickson Compact Group 40 CISCO (J & K)



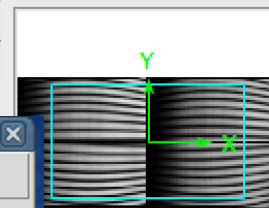
CHILI

- Timeline:
 - 2014, funded
 - Dec, 2014, contract finally signed
 - Dec, 2015, CHILI spectrograph installed, IFU not ready
 - Aug, 2016, CHILI IFU installed, preliminary test fine
 - Sep, 2016, Telescope recoating, has to take it down
 - Nov, 2016-Feb, 2017, test running, test observing
 - Feb, 2017-, telescope pointing error test, suspend

CHILI Pipeline

- Has VIRUSP observation pipeline to start with
 - CHIP: developed from VACCINE, data extraction
 - DATA CUBE building
 - Guider images, may help with the absolute flux calibration, testing.

File flat3.fit
Object
Value



SAOImage ds9

File Edit View Frame Bin Zoom Scale Color Region WCS Analysis Help

File flatb1_test1030.fits
Object
Value
WCS
Physical X Y
Image X Y
Frame 1 x 2.986 0.000 °

file edit view frame bin zoom scale color region wcs help
open save header page setup print exit

0.006 0.011 0.023 0.045 0.089 0.18 0.35 0.7 1.4

color region wcs help
zoom 2 zoom 4 zoom 8

SAOImage ds9

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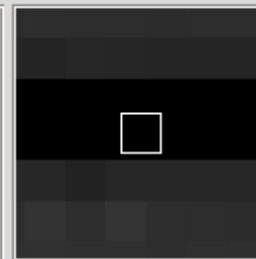
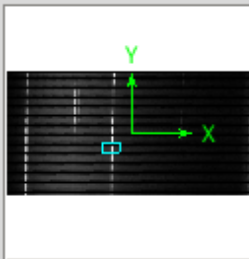
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WCS

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file edit view frame bin zoom scale color region wcs help

open save header page setup print exit

File Edit View

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Object

Value

WCS

Physical

Image

Frame 1

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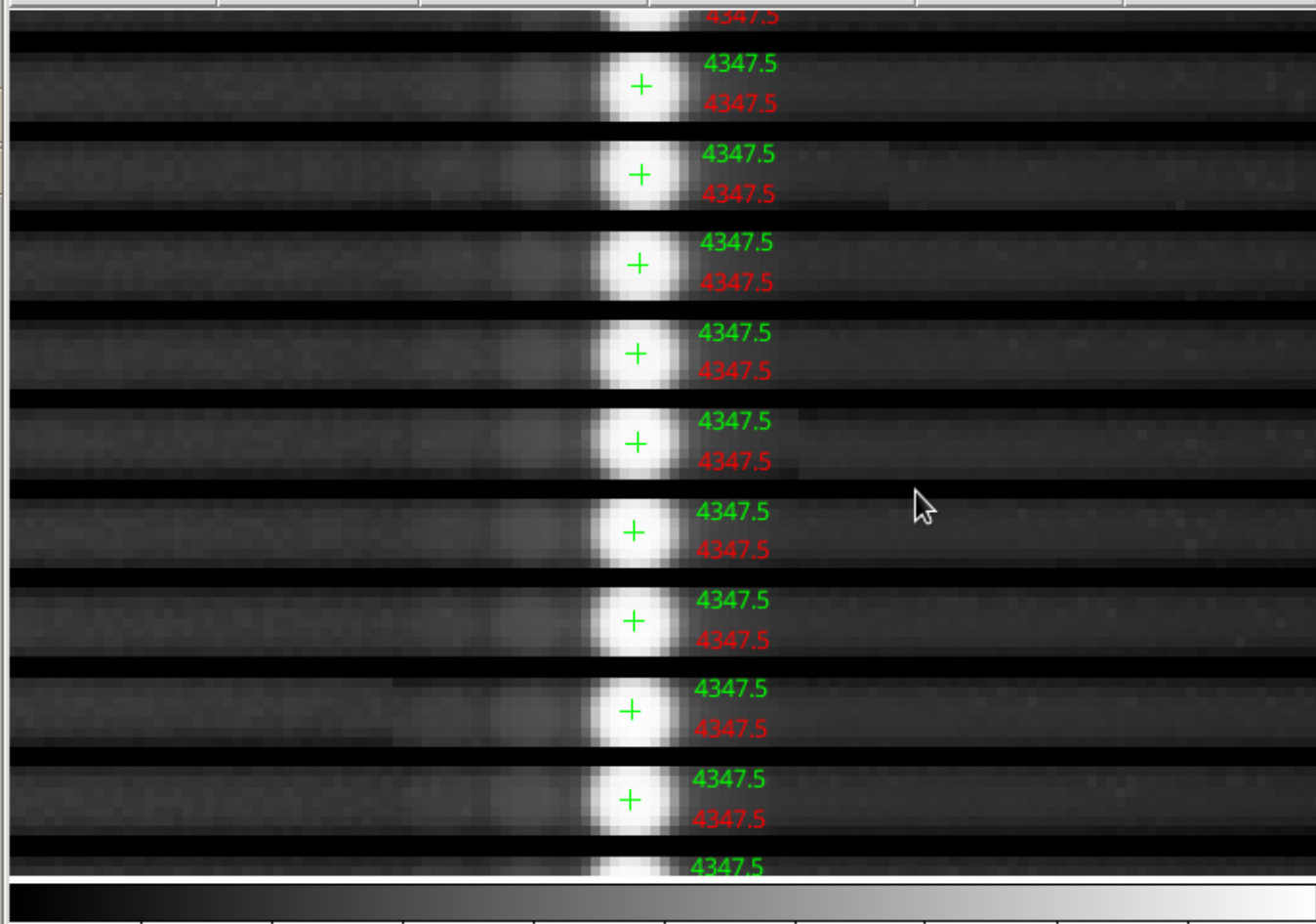
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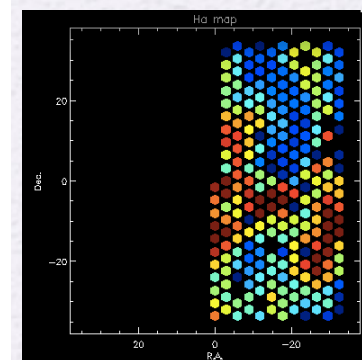
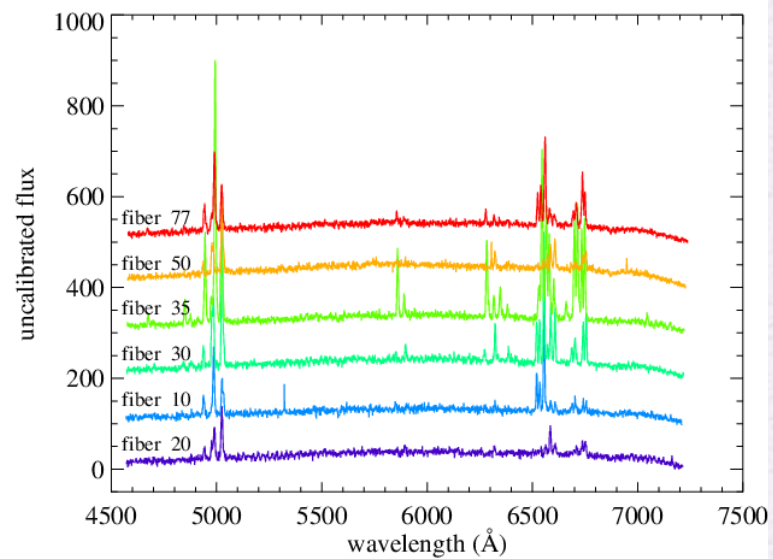
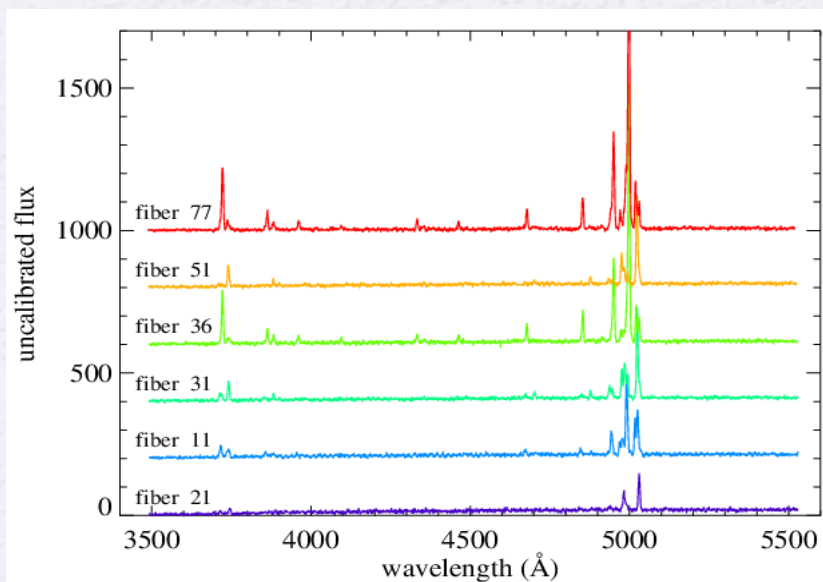


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wcs help

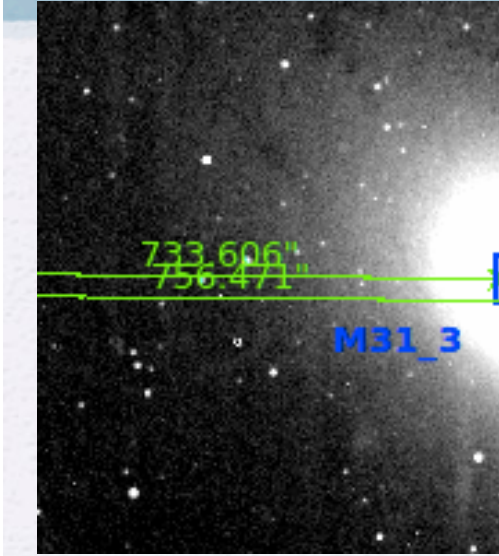
zoom 4 zoom 8

CHILI

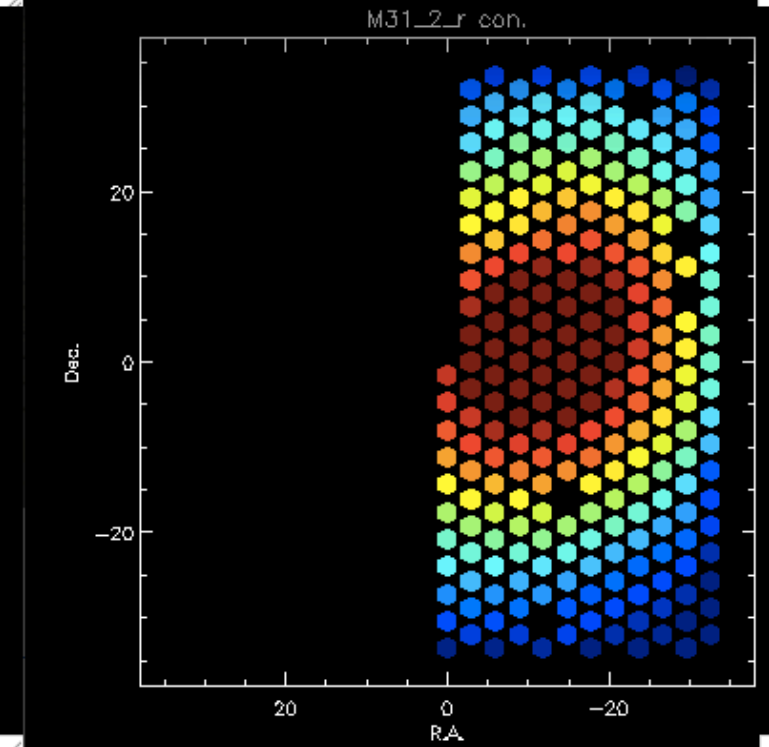
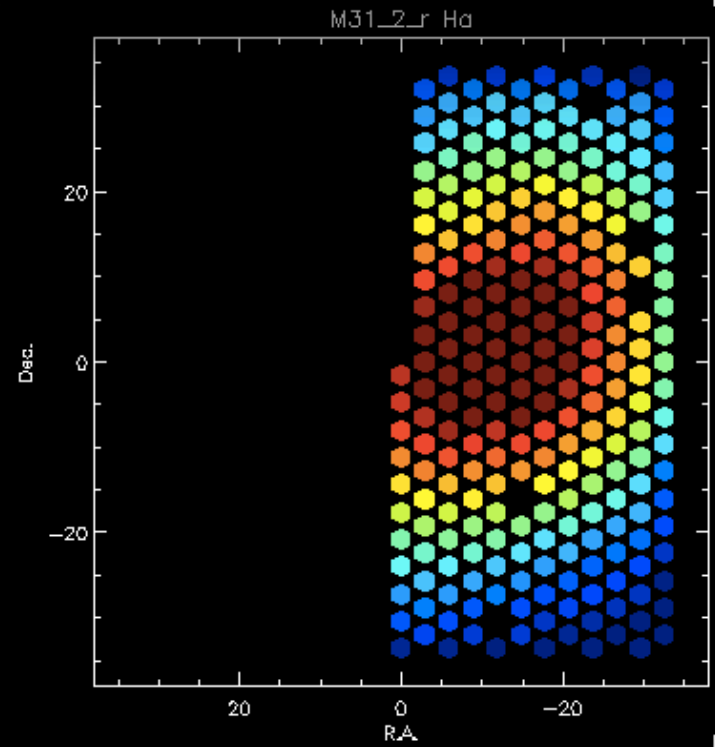
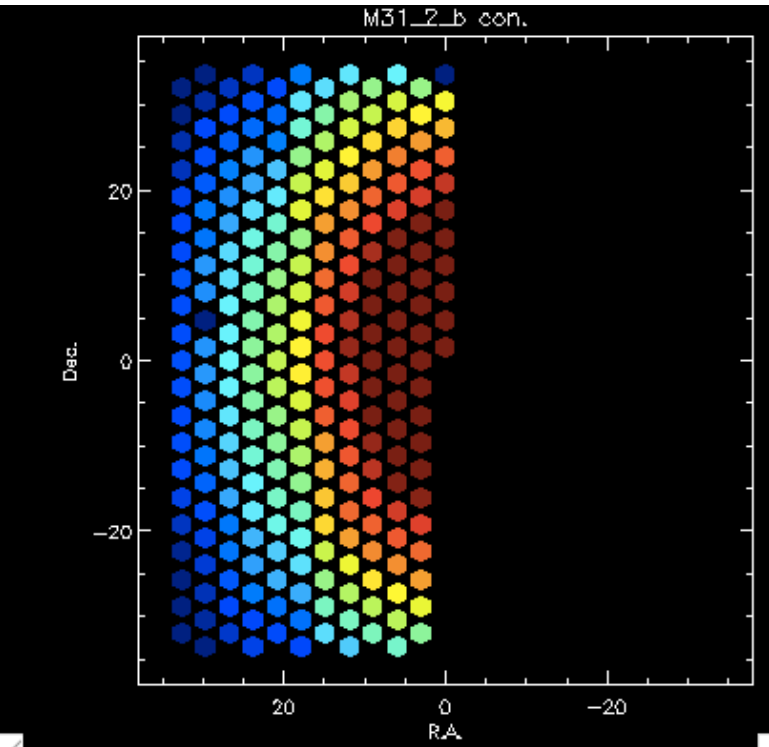
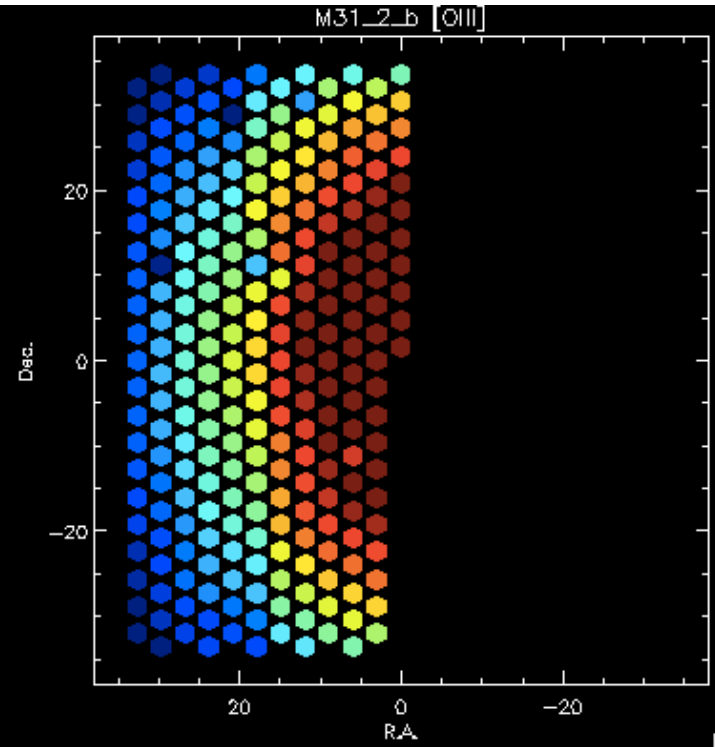


H α map

20mins on Crab Nebular



M31



CHILI

- Difficulties :
 - Team building turns out to be the hardest part of the project
 - Some progresses but not ideal
 - Observing time

CHILI Team

- CHILI Groups :
 - Scientific Working Group: >50 people
 - Instrumentation: ~10 people
 - Software Development Team: ~15 people
- Activities :
 - 2014.11.15: Science cook-off meeting
 - 2015.1.16-19: Instrumentation kick-off meeting
 - 2015.1.23-30: Software kick-off meeting
 - Website & Wiki
 - 2015.12.7-15: CHILI installation
 - 2016.2.27-28: 2nd Science meeting



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China Lijiang IFU Project (CHILI)

An [Integral Field Unit \(IFU\) spectrograph](#) is a powerful instrument to study the kinematic, abundances, and star-formation structures of galaxies. The information is crucial for understanding how these galaxies form and evolve.

China Lijiang IFU (CHILI) will be the first IFU instrument of China. It will be installed on the 2.4 meter telescope in Lijiang, Yunnan of China. The 2.4m telescope is the largest general-user telescope in China with very good observing conditions.

Page Discussion

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- 4 Activities
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Introduction (edit)

China Lijiang IFU (CHILI) will be the first IFU instrument of China. It will be installed on the 2.4 meter telescope in Lijiang, Yunnan of China. The 2.4m telescope is the largest general-user telescope in China with good observing conditions.

The instrument of CHILI is developed via a collaboration at the University of Texas at Austin, where an ambitious project named HETDEX (Hobby-Eberly Telescope Dark Energy Experiment) is being developed. HETDEX uses an array of 75 duplicated IFU units to form a huge IFU instrument (named VIRUS), to map the distant Universe and study the dark energy properties at high redshift. At one exposure, VIRUS will obtain ~33,000 spectra over a circular area within a diameter of 22-arcmin.

CHILI takes one unit of VIRUS and makes modifications so that it has the wavelength coverage and spectral resolution to study nearby galaxies. When mounted on the Lijiang 2.4m telescope, it will have a field-of-