

# Calculating PIEs with DJEHUTY

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# PIE = Proton Ingestion Episode

- Where convection mixes protons into a region that is much hotter than normal Hburning
- Dual Core Flash
- Dual Shell Flash

# Nomenclature

- Lots of names for these events
- Some ridiculous
  - HeFDDM-A/R = He Flash-driven Deep-mixing on the AGB or RGB
- Simon Campbell's thesis (also C&L 2010)
  - Dual Flashes
    - A He flash (core or shell) causes mixing of protons (PIE)
    - This results in a H flash
  - Dual Core Flash – mixing caused by core flash
  - Dual Shell Flash – mixing caused by shell flash
  - Both being examples of PIEs



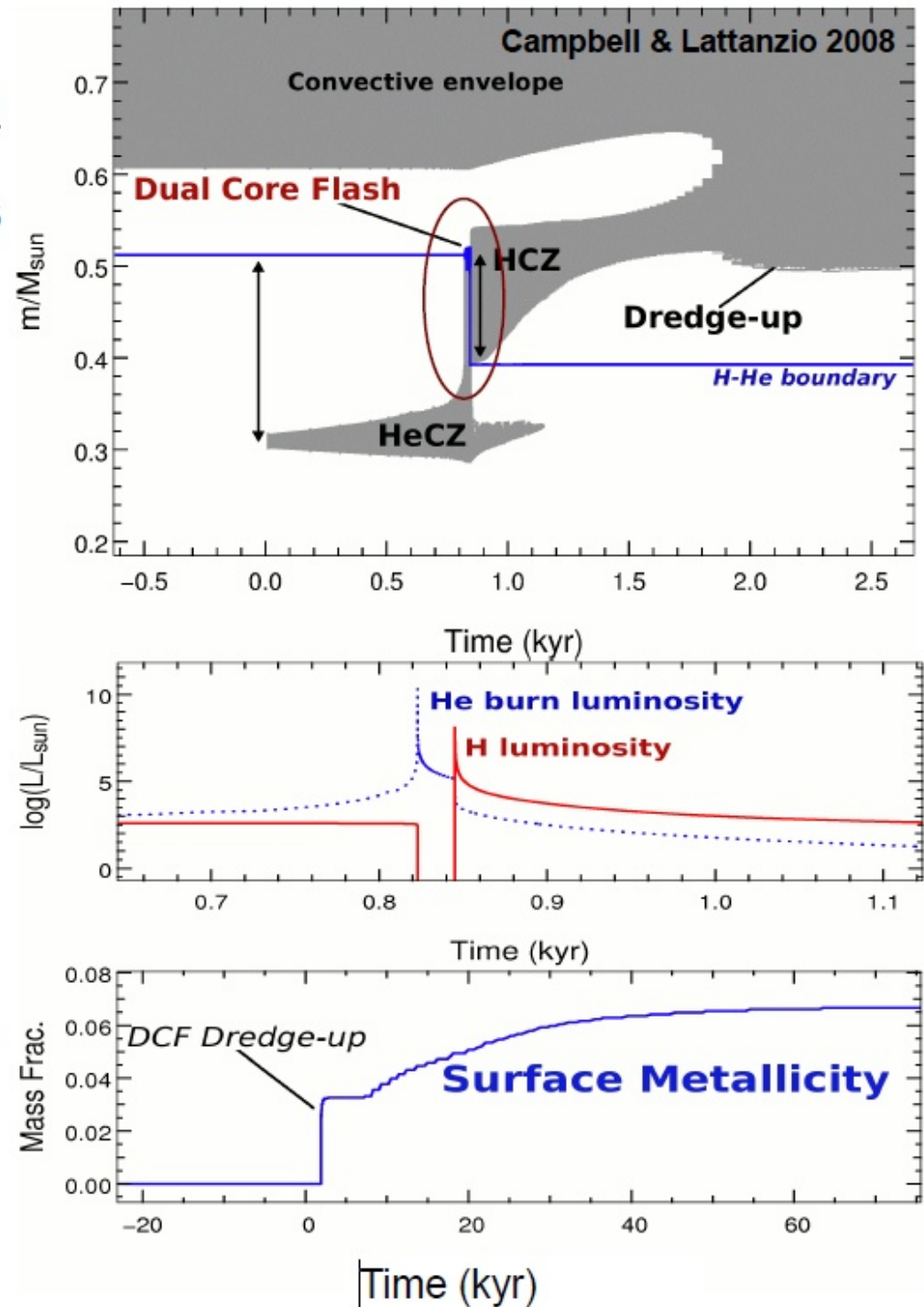
# Dual Core Flash: Very low Z

- Off-centre ignition
- But strong convection
- Mixing reaches H-rich envelope
- Does not (?) happen at “normal” Z



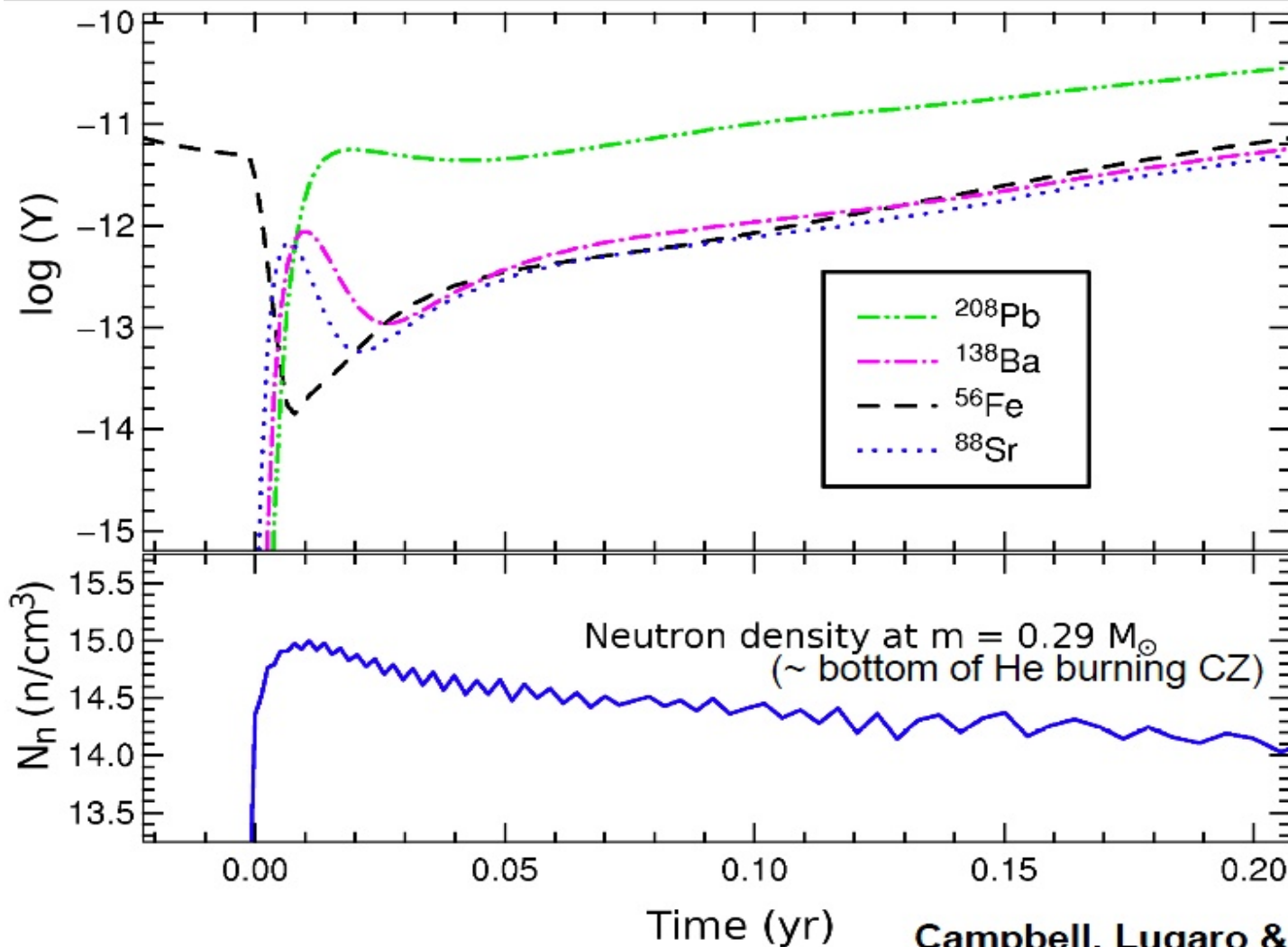
## Dual Core Flash: Details

- The mixing of protons downwards into high temperature regions naturally causes very rapid H burning.
- → **Hydrogen Flash!**
- **The He flash is still ongoing** (hence name 'dual flash')
- He burning products are mixed upwards also.
- This material is later dredged up into the envelope, polluting the surface.
- Fujimoto et al. (1990) suggested that the **excess C** in the **CEMPs** may come from these peculiar surface pollution events.



# Neutron Super-burst!

## Resulting abundances as function of time (sampled at the location of the maximum of the neutron density)

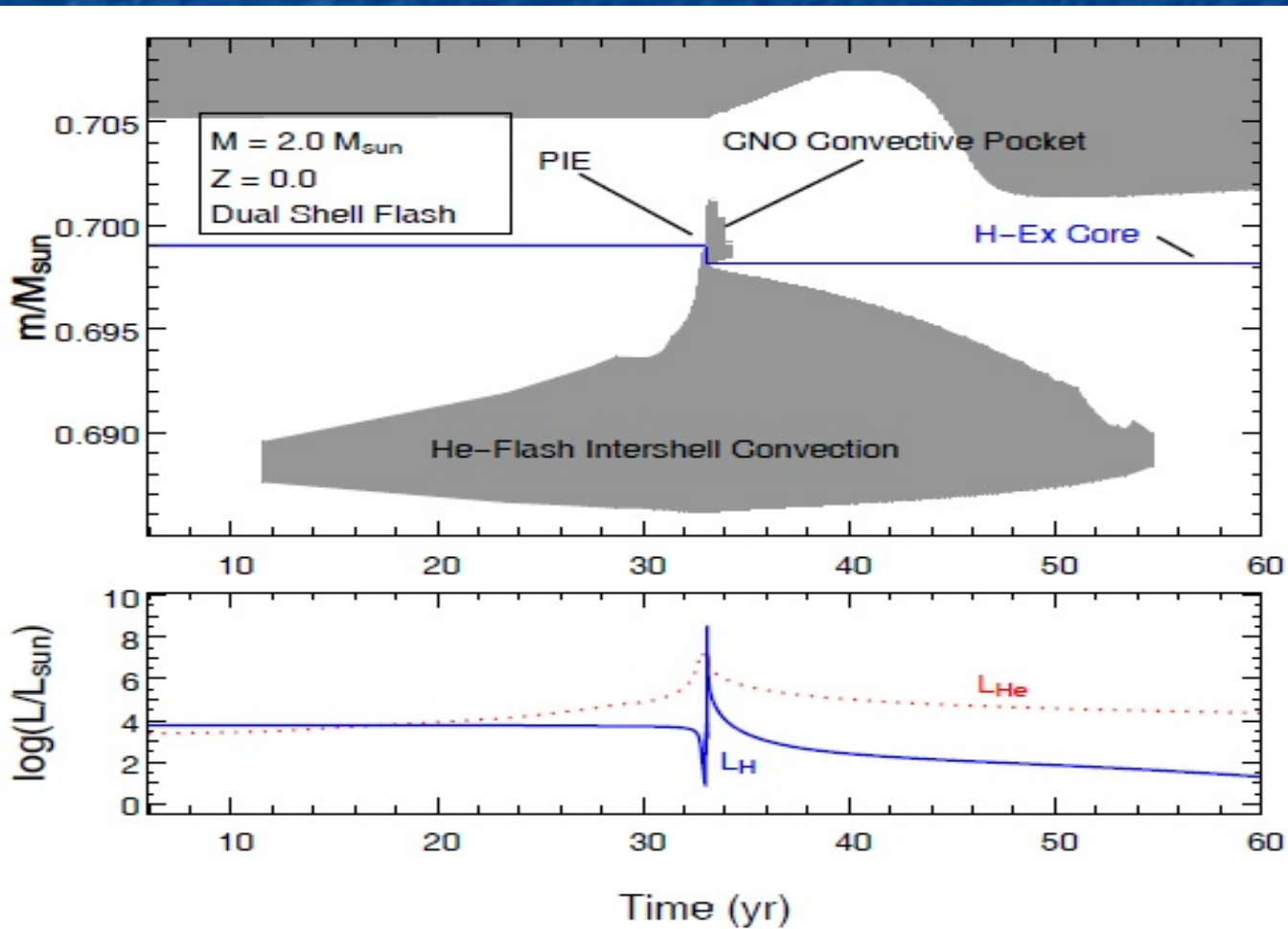


- Strong s-processing!
- Abundances of Ba, Pb reach *absolute* Solar abundances!!
- $[\text{Pb}/\text{Fe}] \sim +6$  after dredge-up to surface
- s-process continues until  $^{14}\text{N}$  becomes more abundant than  $^{13}\text{C}$  and soaks up most of the free neutrons.
- n exposure  $\sim 250 \text{ mbarn}^{-1}$

Campbell, Lugaro & Karakas 2010

# Dual Shell Flashes

- For low Z stars on the AGB
- PIE can occur





# PIEs

- Expect neutron production
- Expect s-processing
- But how to calculate the time-dependent mixing?
- Mostly treat mixing with diffusion equation
- Mostly use MLT for values of  $v$

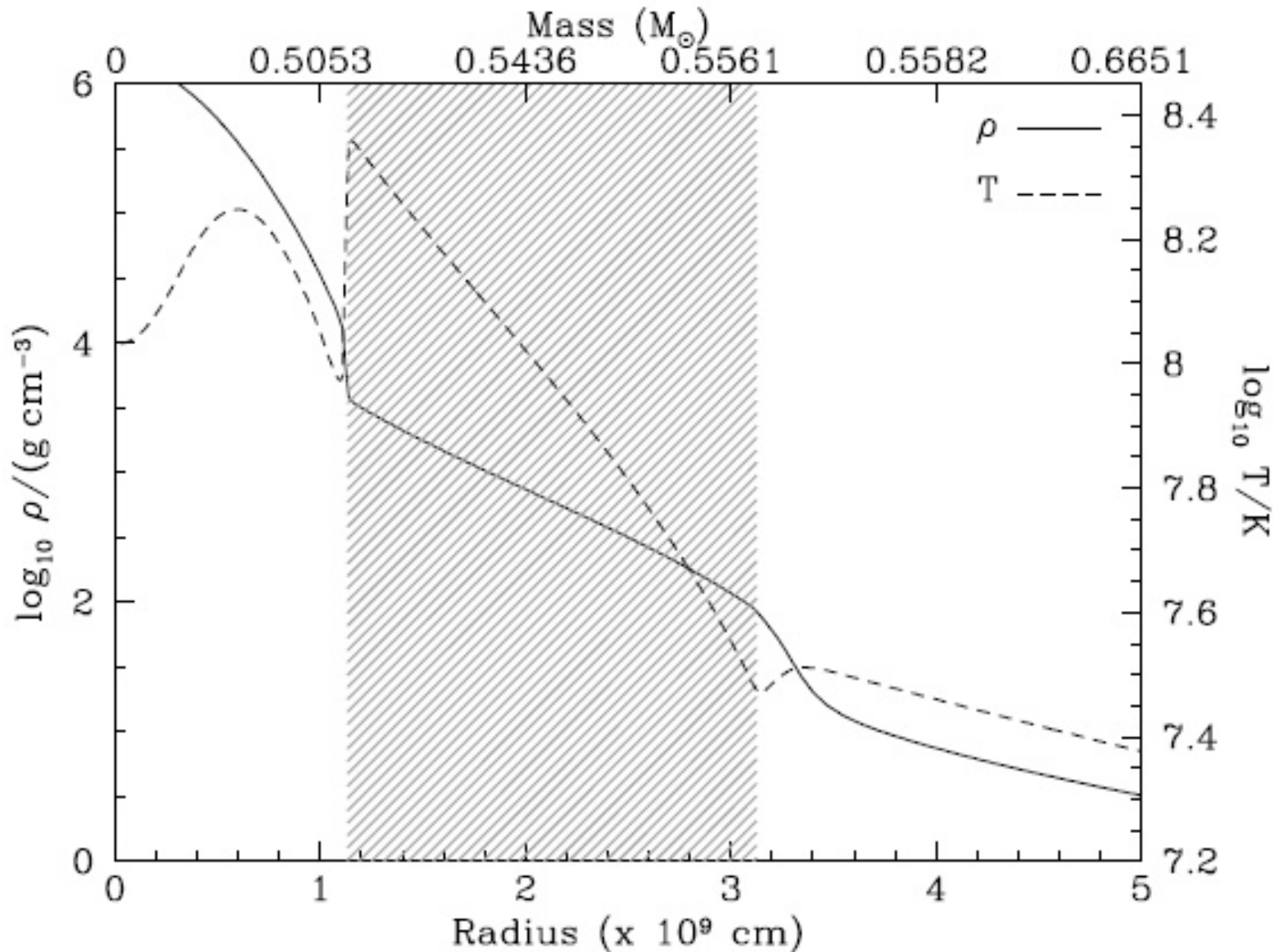
Wrong!

Wrong!

# Try to do in 3D using DJEHUTY

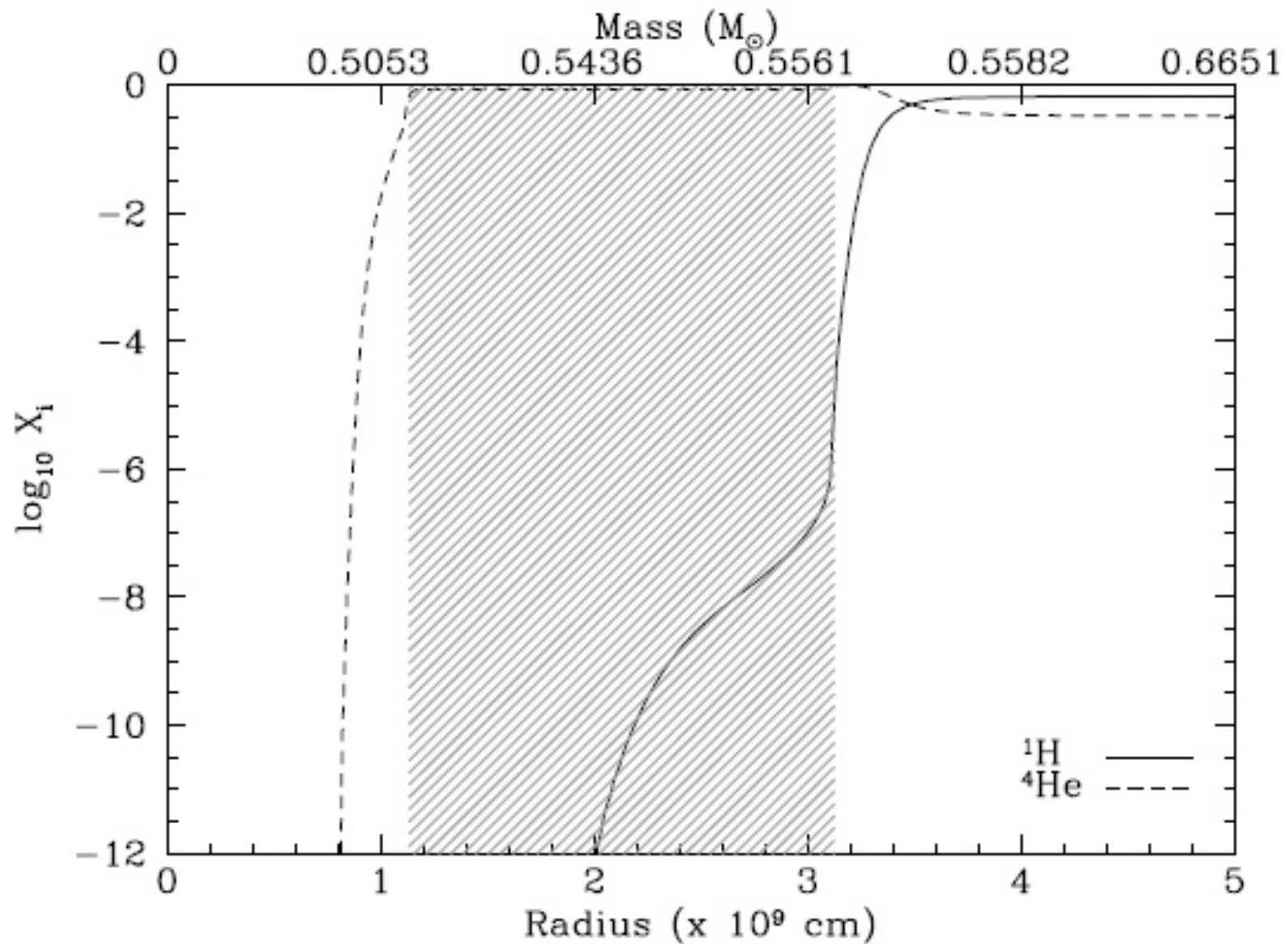
- Paper just submitted to ApJ
- Dual shell flash
  - $M=1$
  - $Z=0.0001$
- He shell flash convection reaches bottom of H-shell and ingests protons

# 1D input model



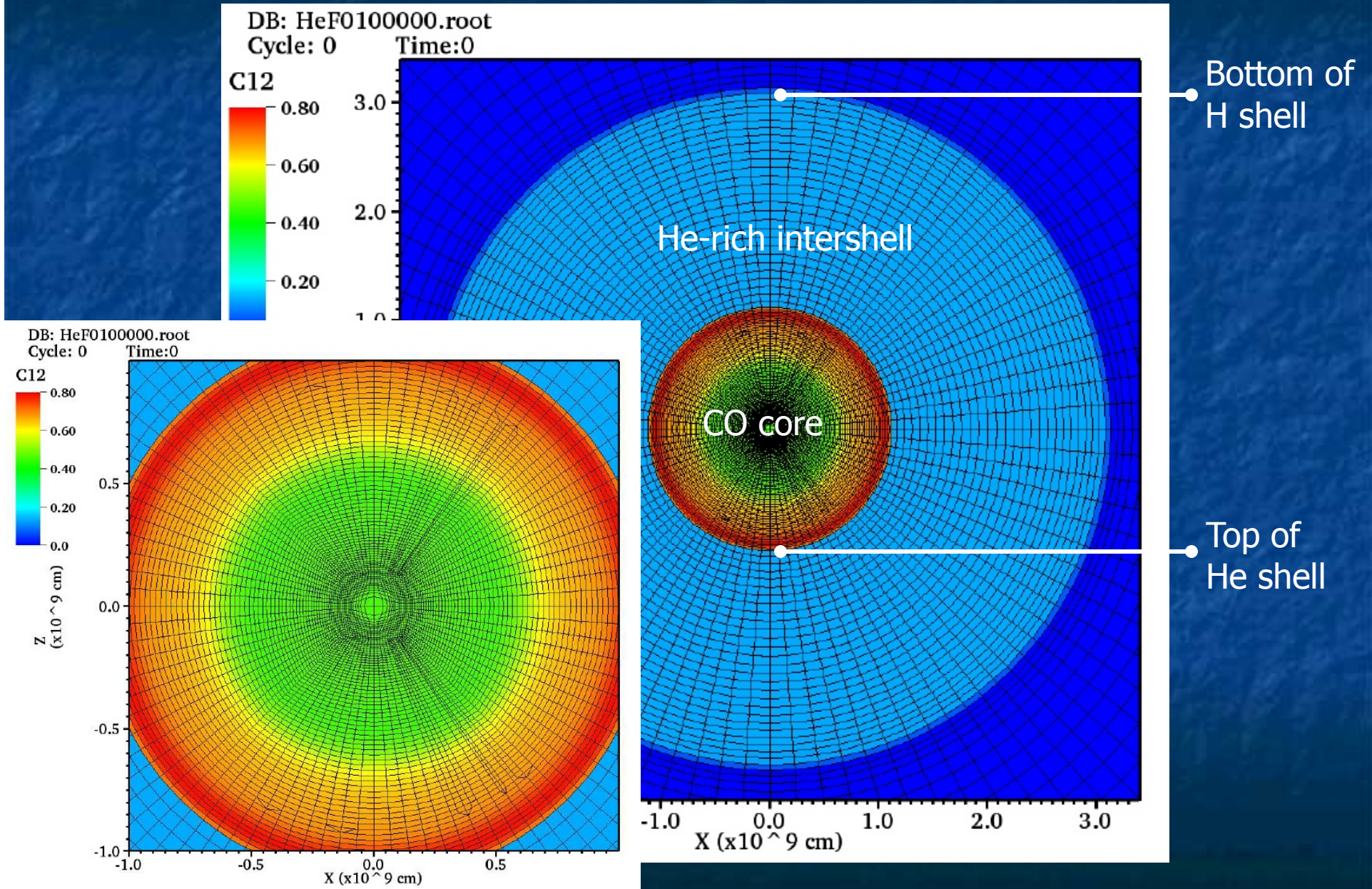


# 1D input model



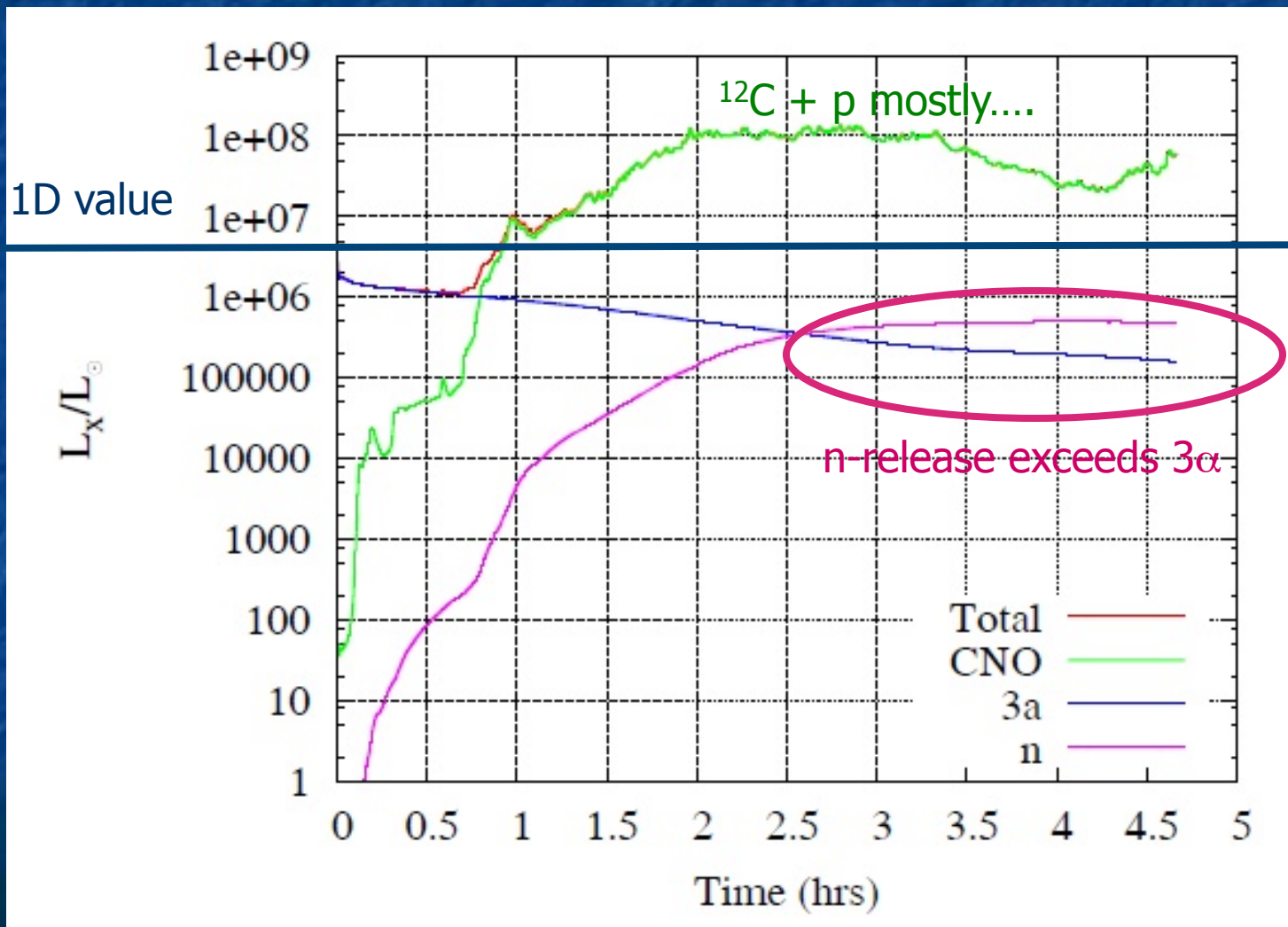


# The 3D calculation (2 million zones)





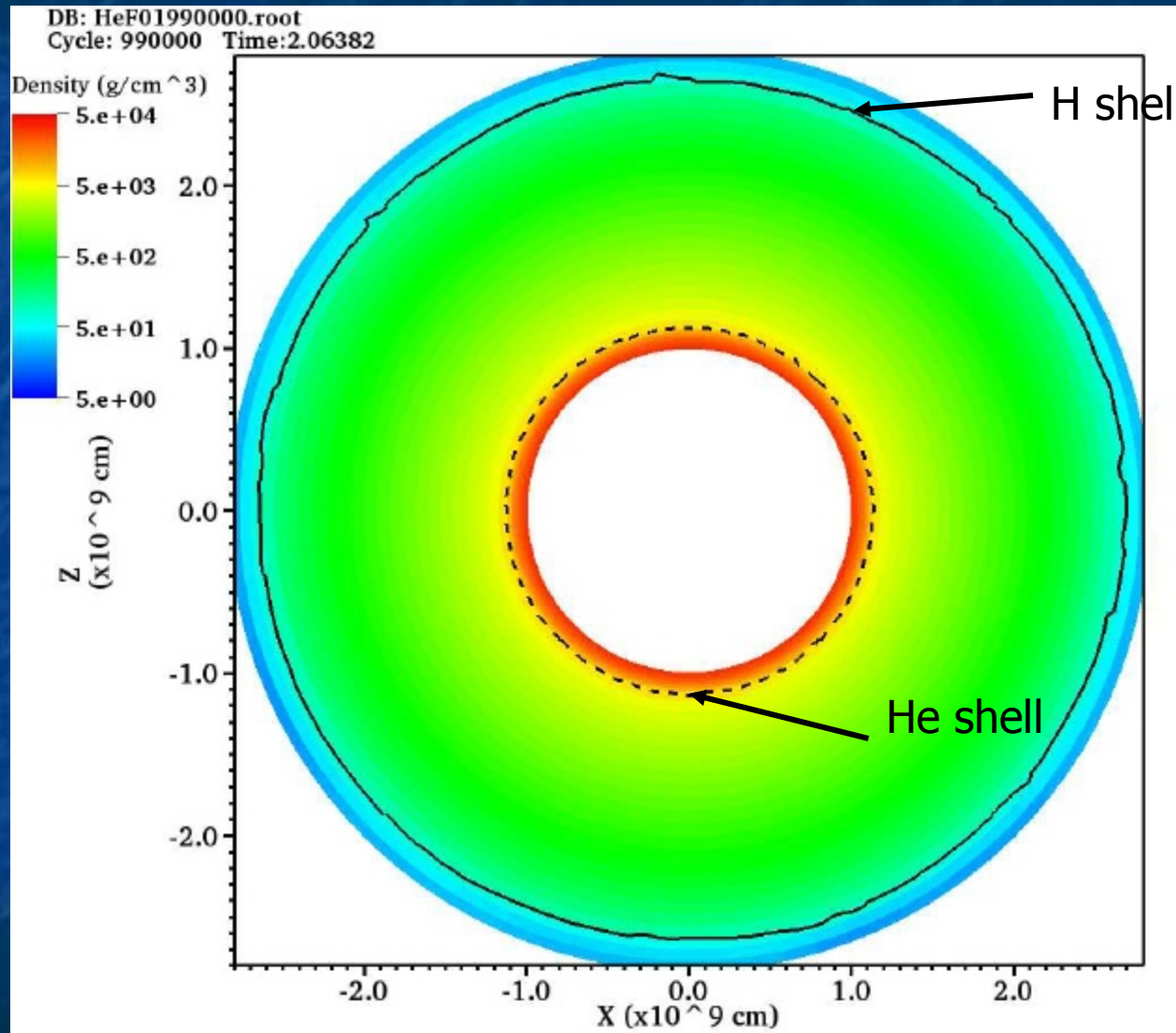
# Luminosity variation/increase!





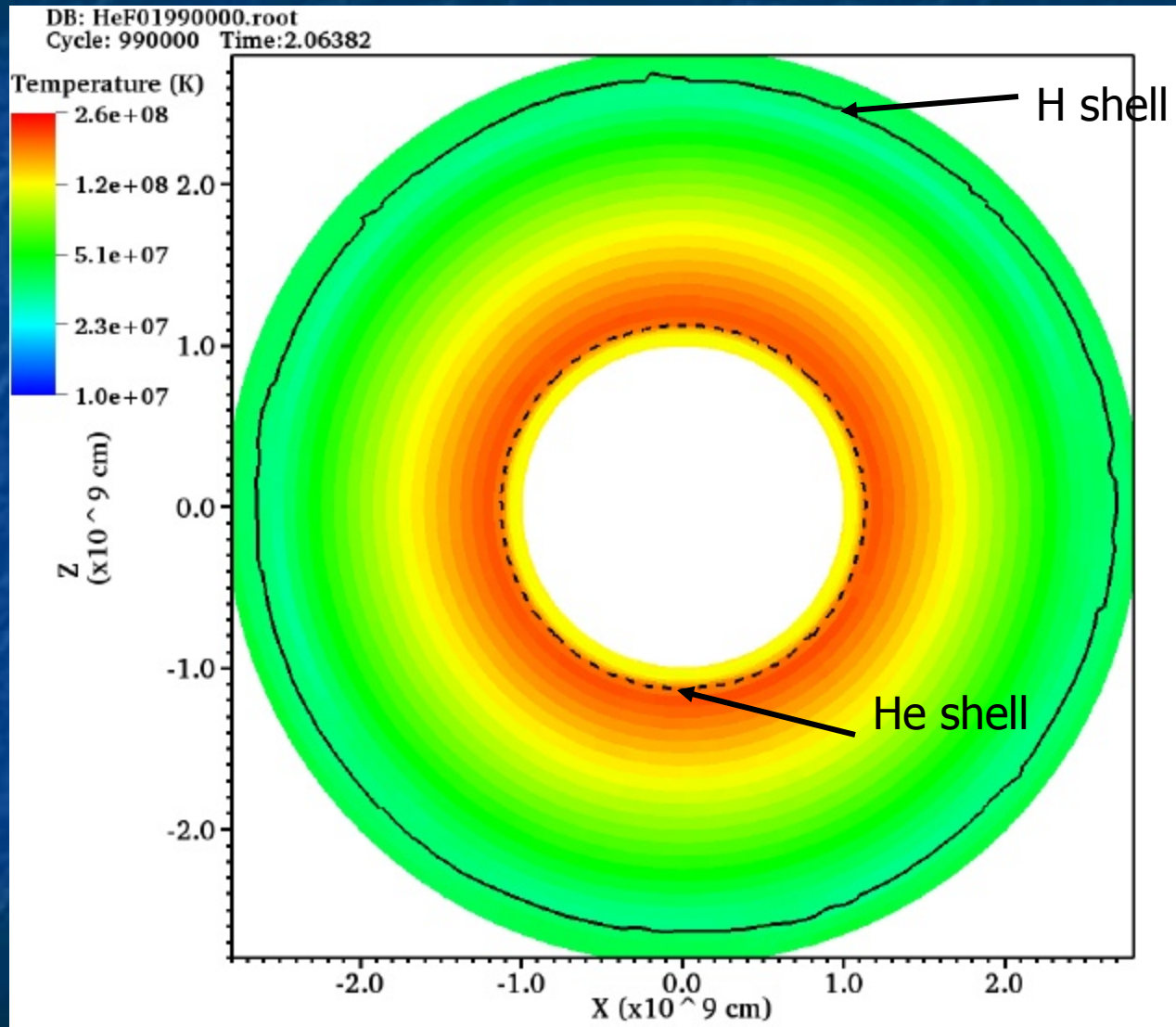
# Density (on a slice)

t=2.0hrs



# Temperature (on a slice)

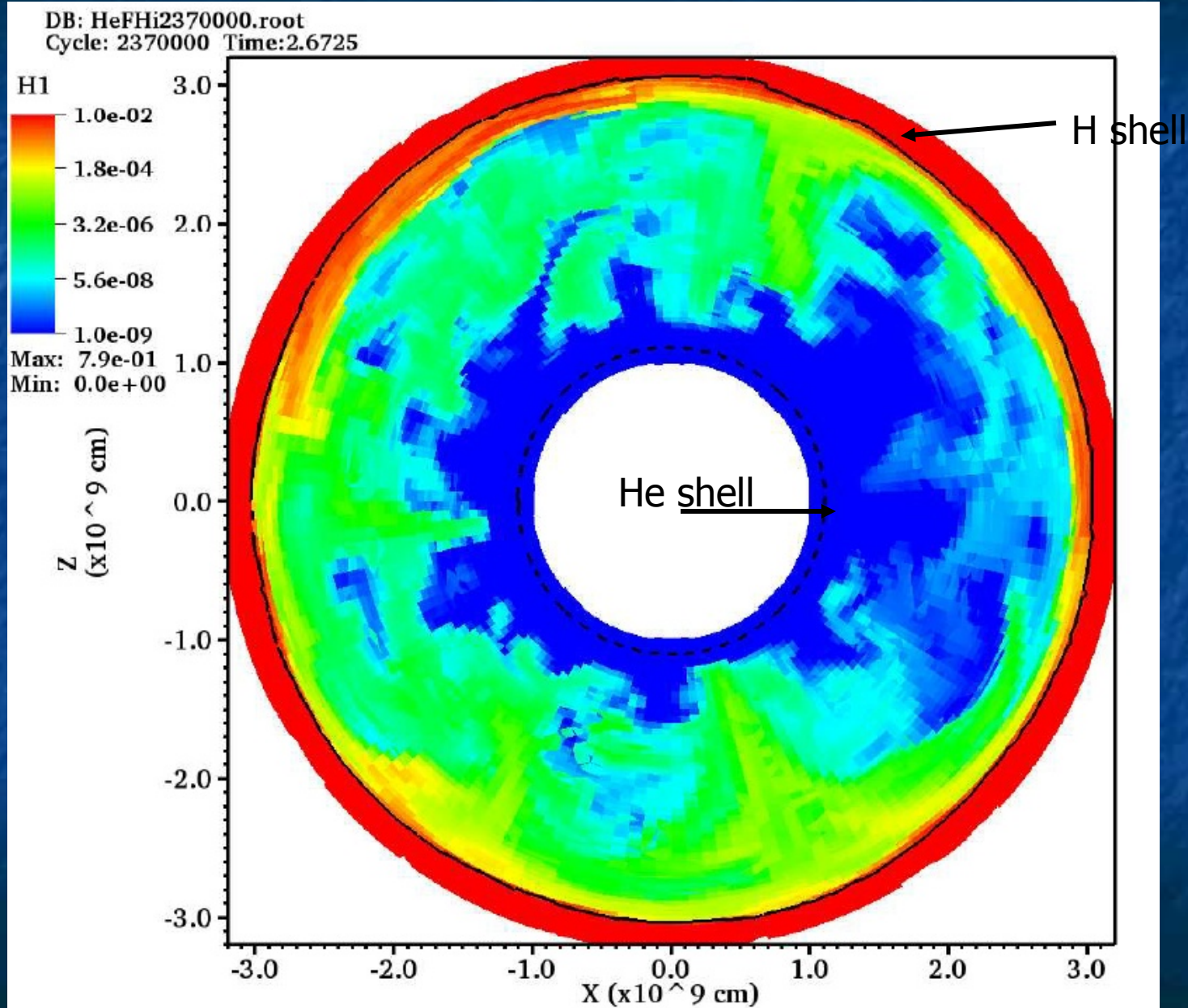
t=2.0hrs





# Hydrogen (on a slice)

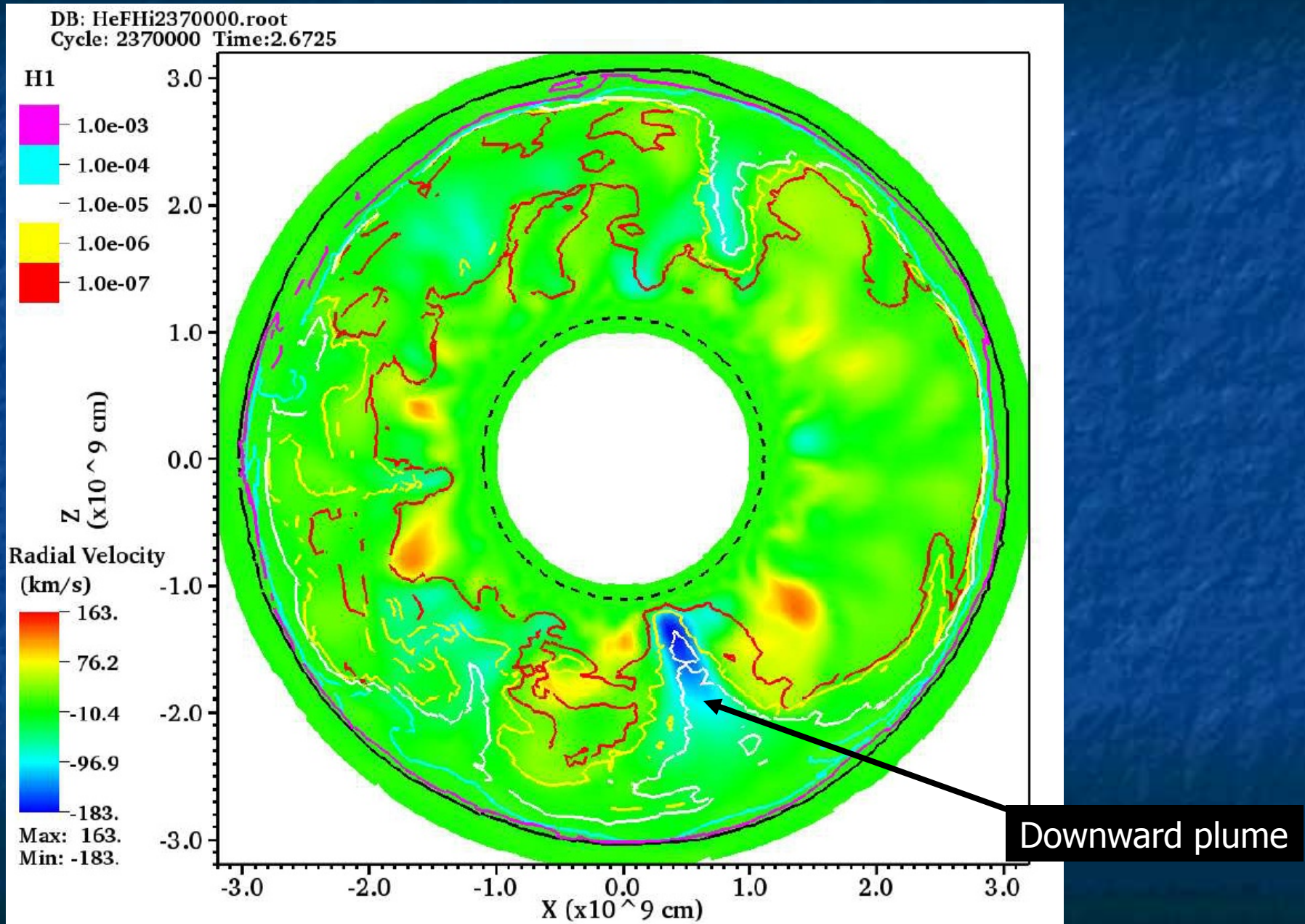
t=2.7hrs



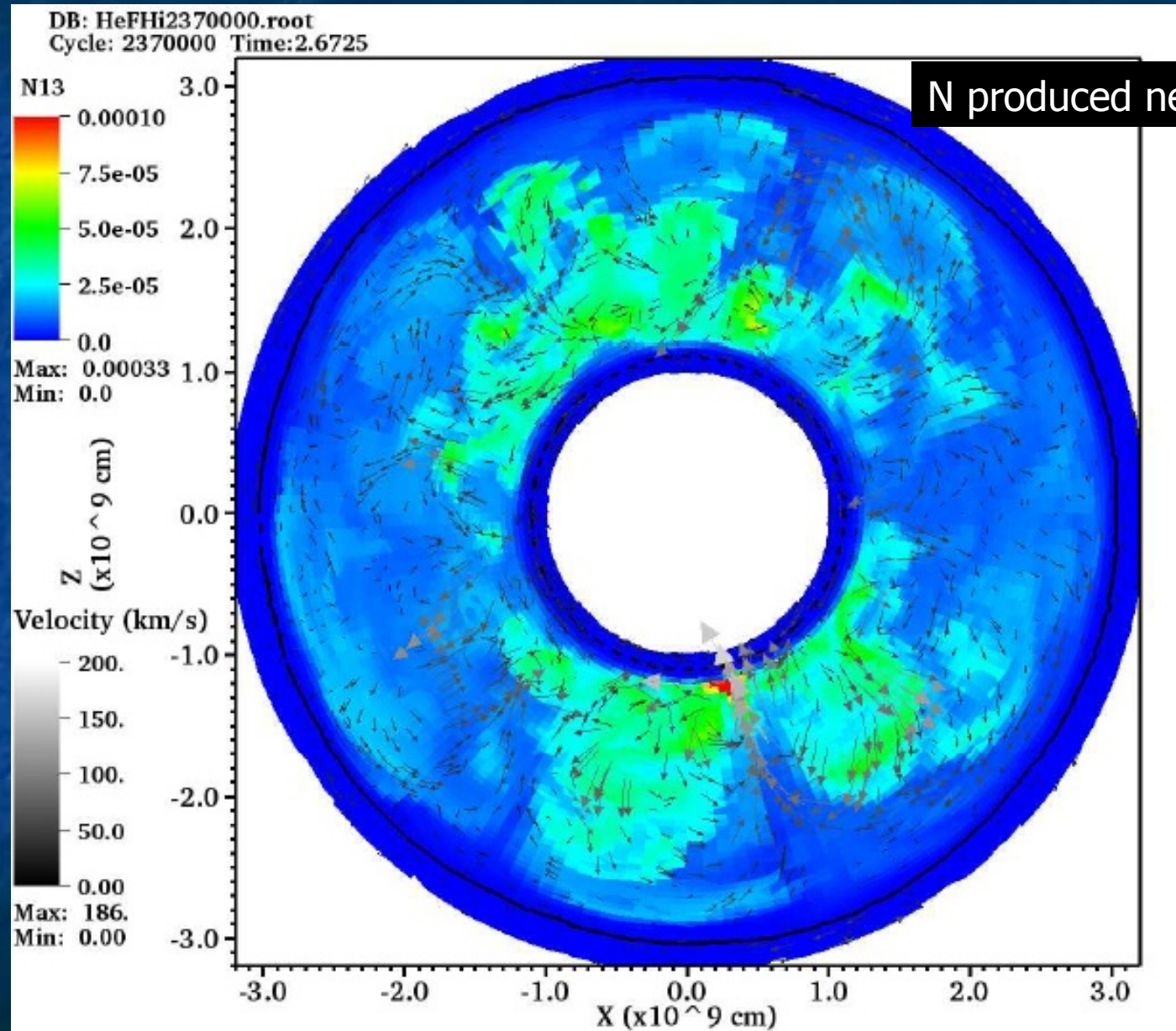


# Hydrogen (on a slice)

t=2.7hrs



# $^{13}\text{N}$ and $v$ (in plane) (on a slice) $t=2.7\text{hrs}$

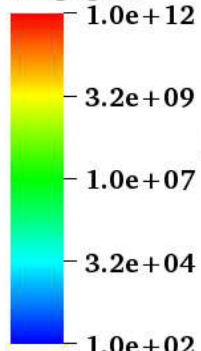




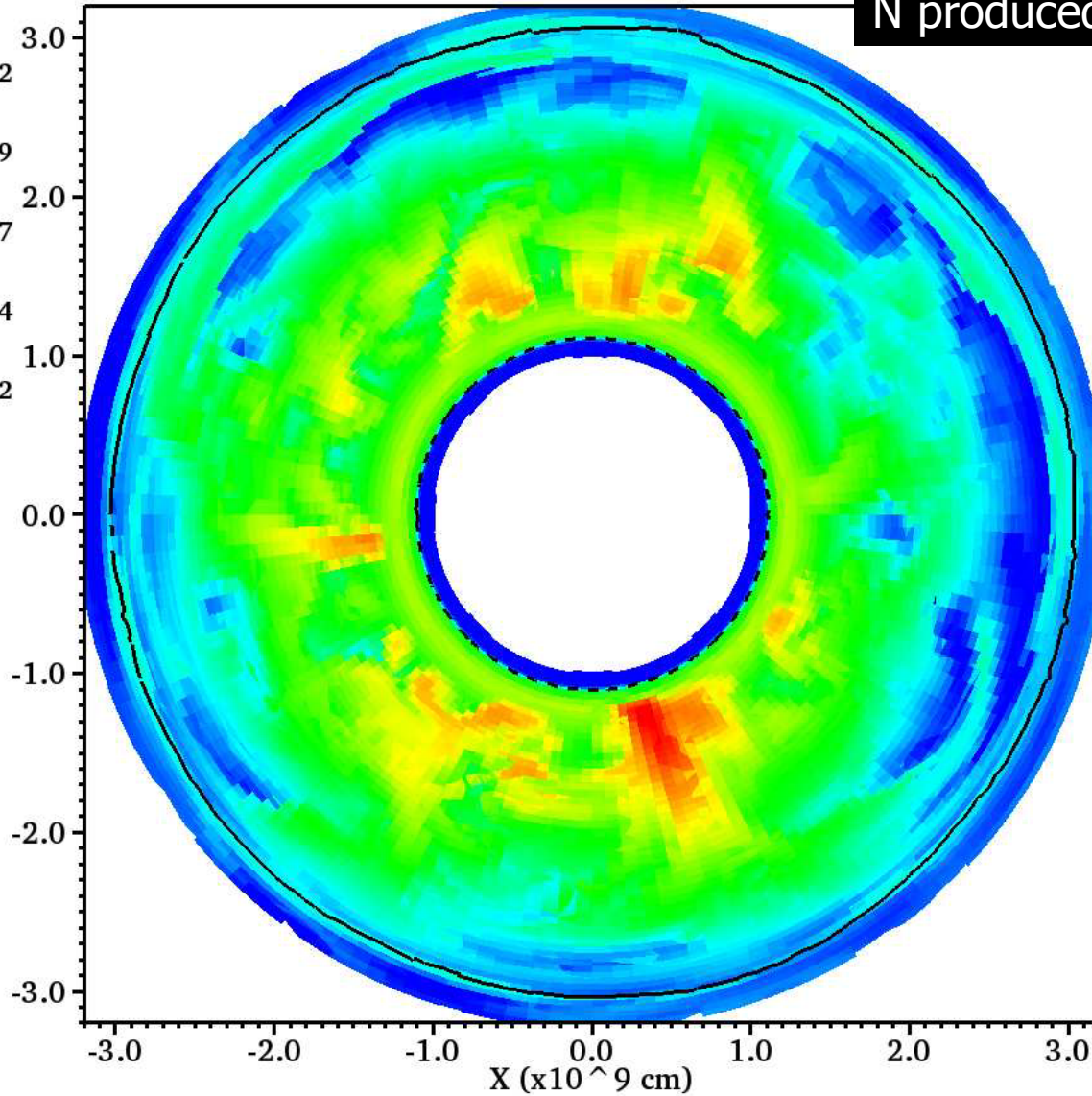
# Energy generation (on a slice) $t=2.7\text{hrs}$

DB: HeFHi2370000.root  
Cycle: 2370000 Time:2.6725

$E(\text{nuclear})$   
(erg/g/s)



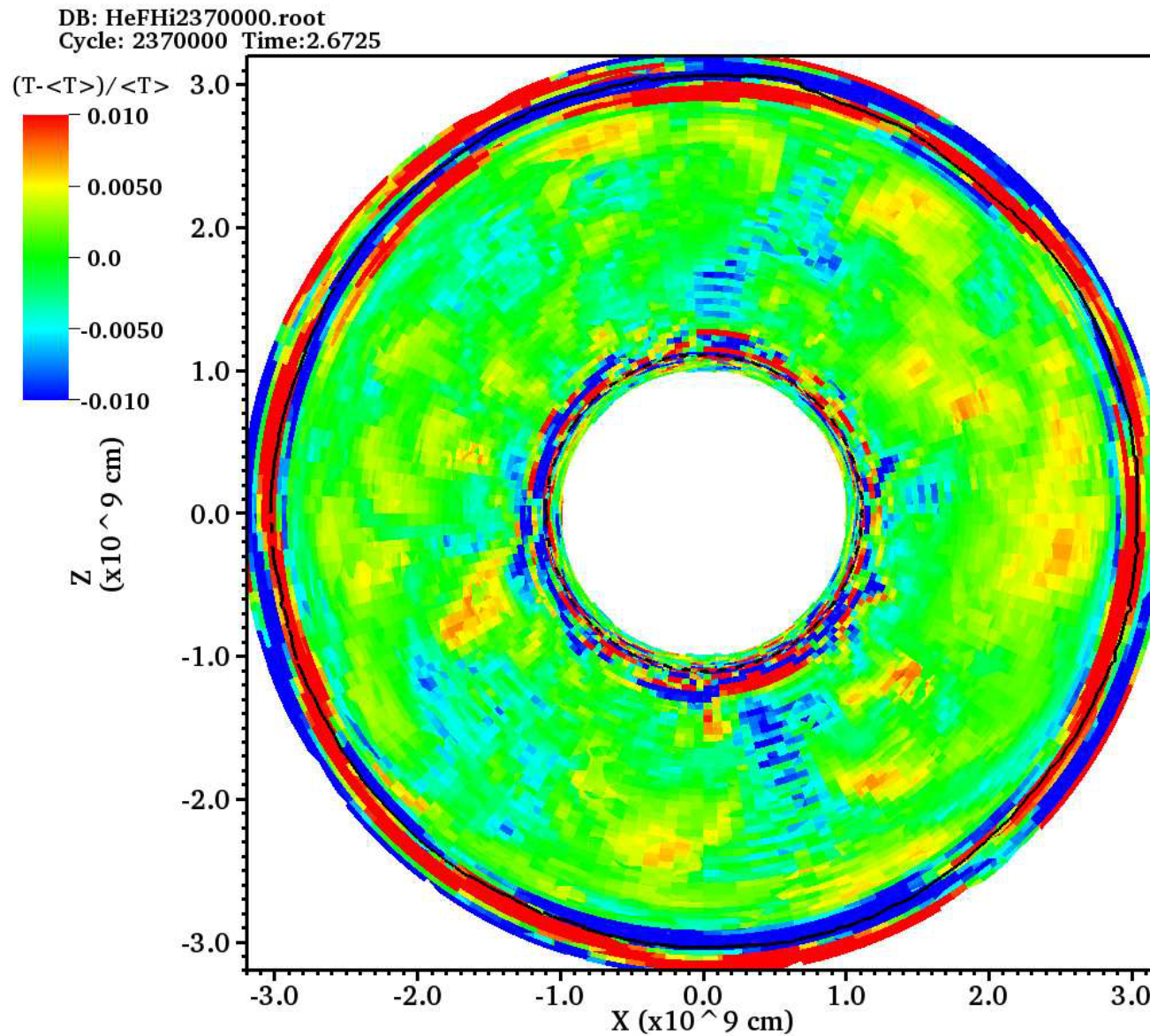
Z  
( $\times 10^9$  cm)



N produced near the He shell



# T variation (on a slice) $t=2.7\text{hrs}$



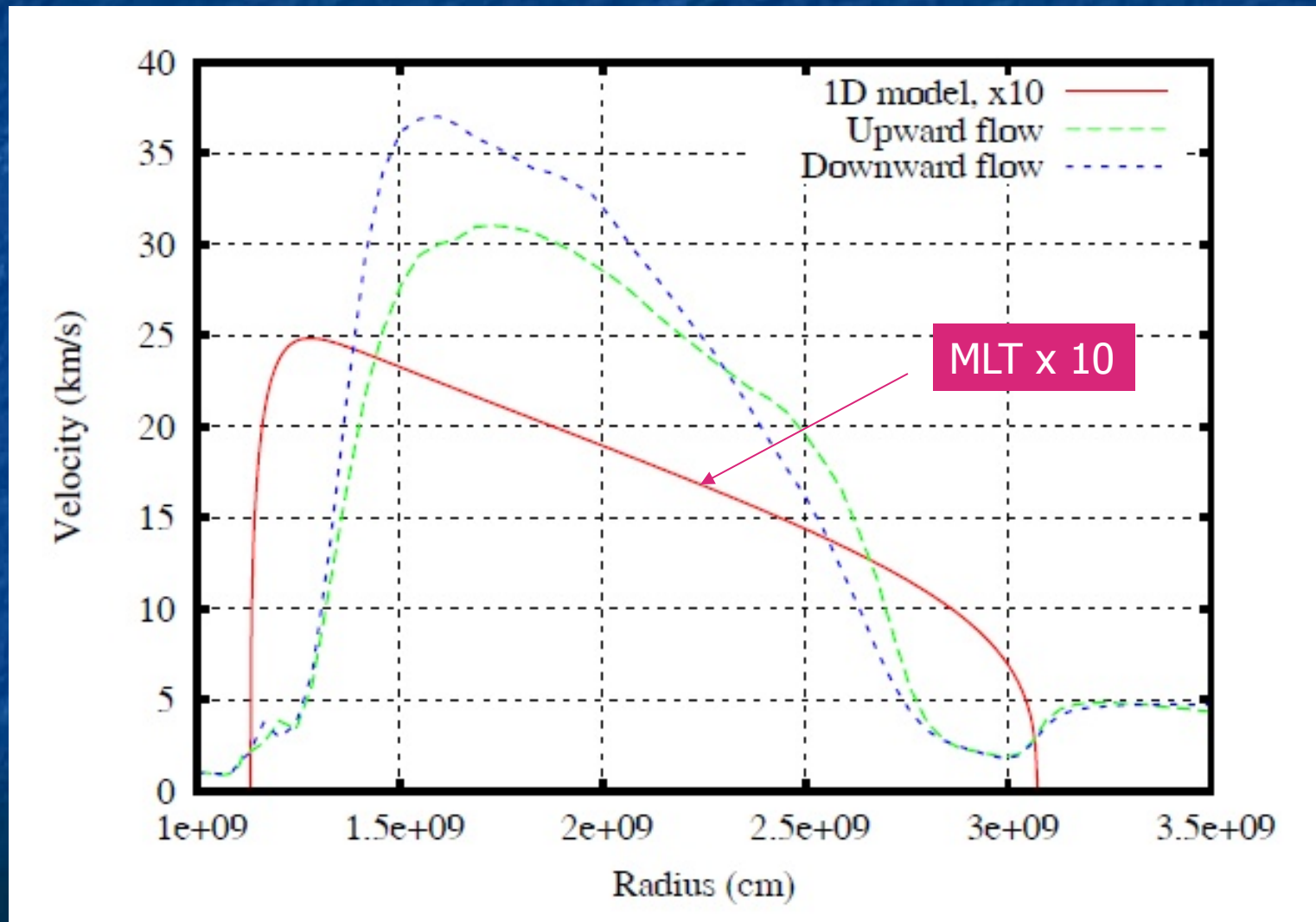
Very minor!

$T - \langle T \rangle$

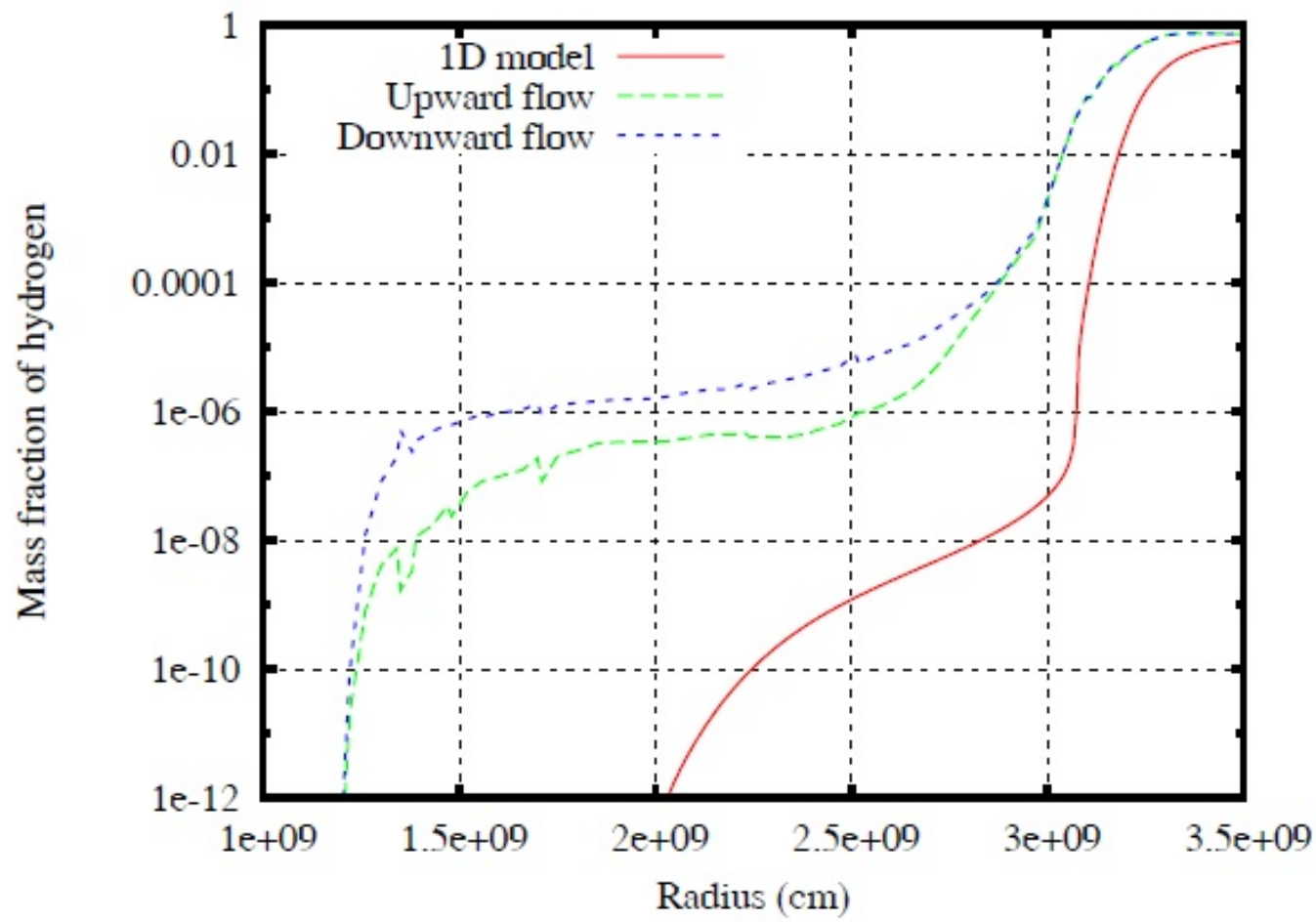
-----  $\approx \pm 1\%$

$\langle T \rangle$

# Comparison to 1D: velocity profiles

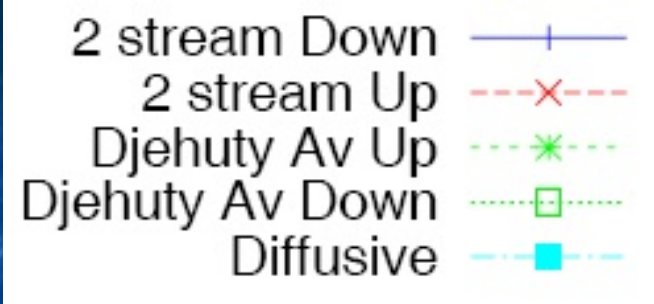
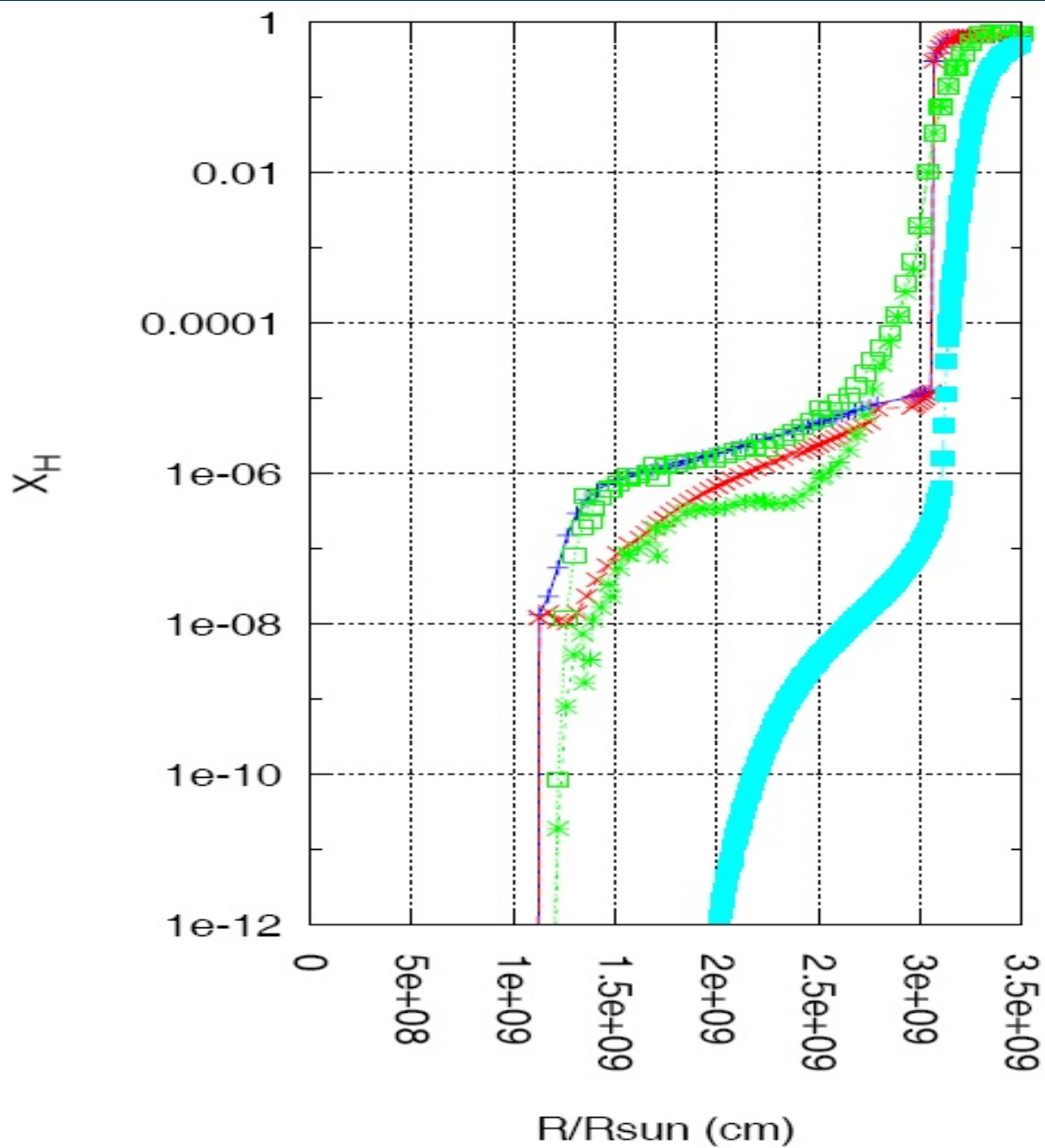


# Comparison to 1D: H profiles





# 321D Theory (with Arnett et al)



Vary up and down velocity in a 2-stream model...

# Show Movies

- H1
- V\_rad
- e\_nuc
- N13