

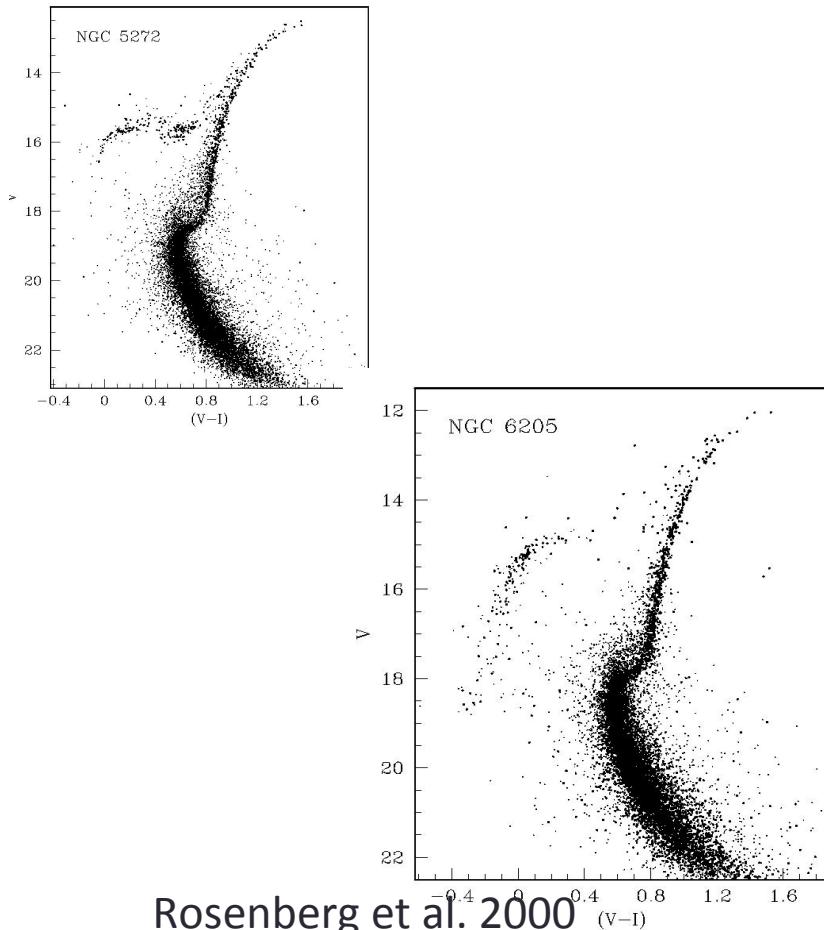
Abundance anomalies and HB:

The case of NGC2808

R. Gratton, V. D'Orazi, E. Carretta, A. Bragaglia, Y. Momany

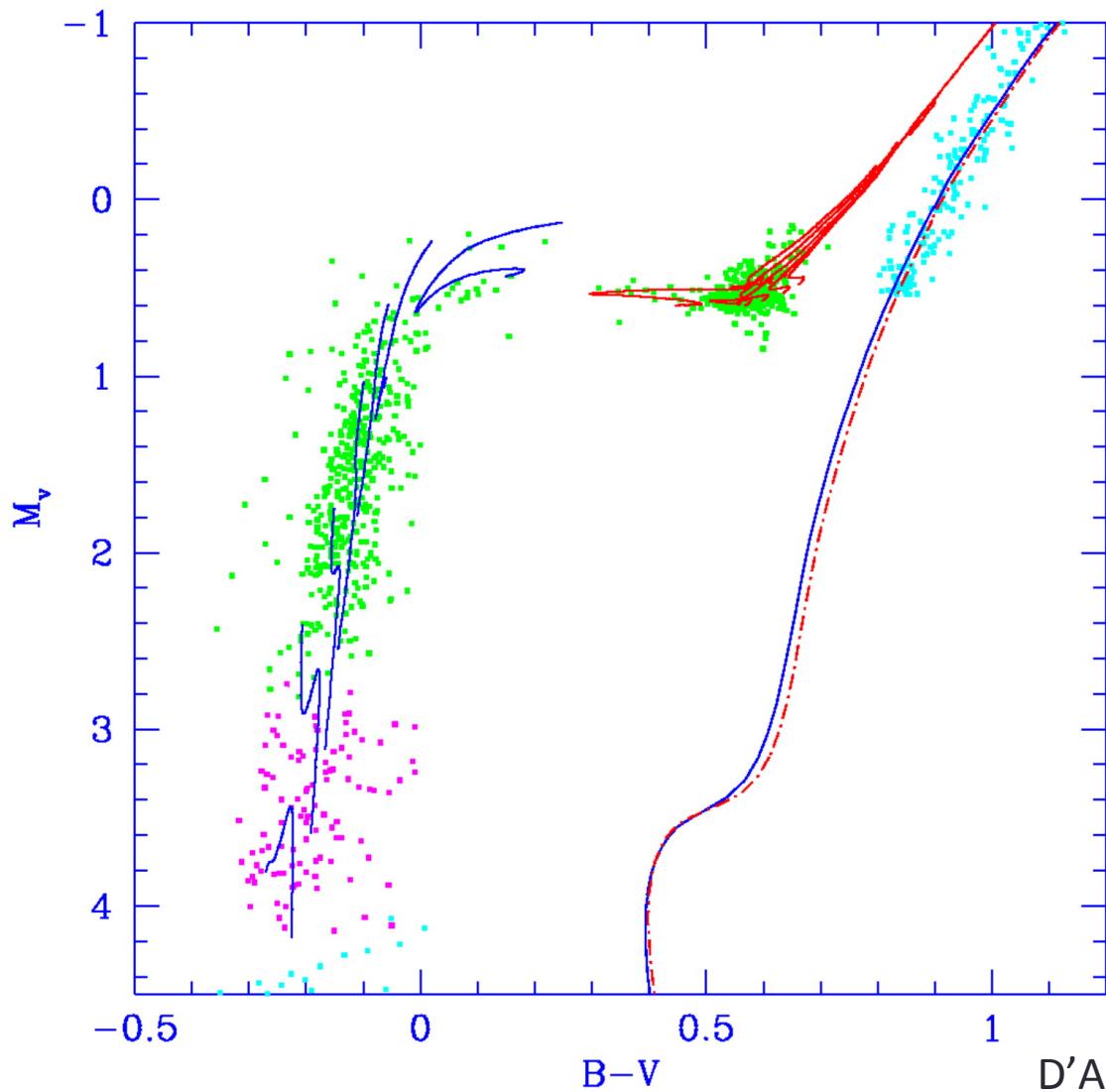
The second parameter problem

First parameter: Metallicity (Sandage & Wallerstein 1960)



Second parameter:
230 articles on ADS 2006-2011
Age e.g. Zinn (1980)
Concentration e.g. Fusi-Peccia et al. (1993)
CNO variations e.g. Freeman & Norris (1981)
Rotation e.g. Peterson et al. (1995)
Binarity e.g. Moni-Bidin et al. (2006)
He abundance e.g. Green (1980)
Planets e.g. Soker & Harpaz (2000)
Just one or more?

He and multiple populations

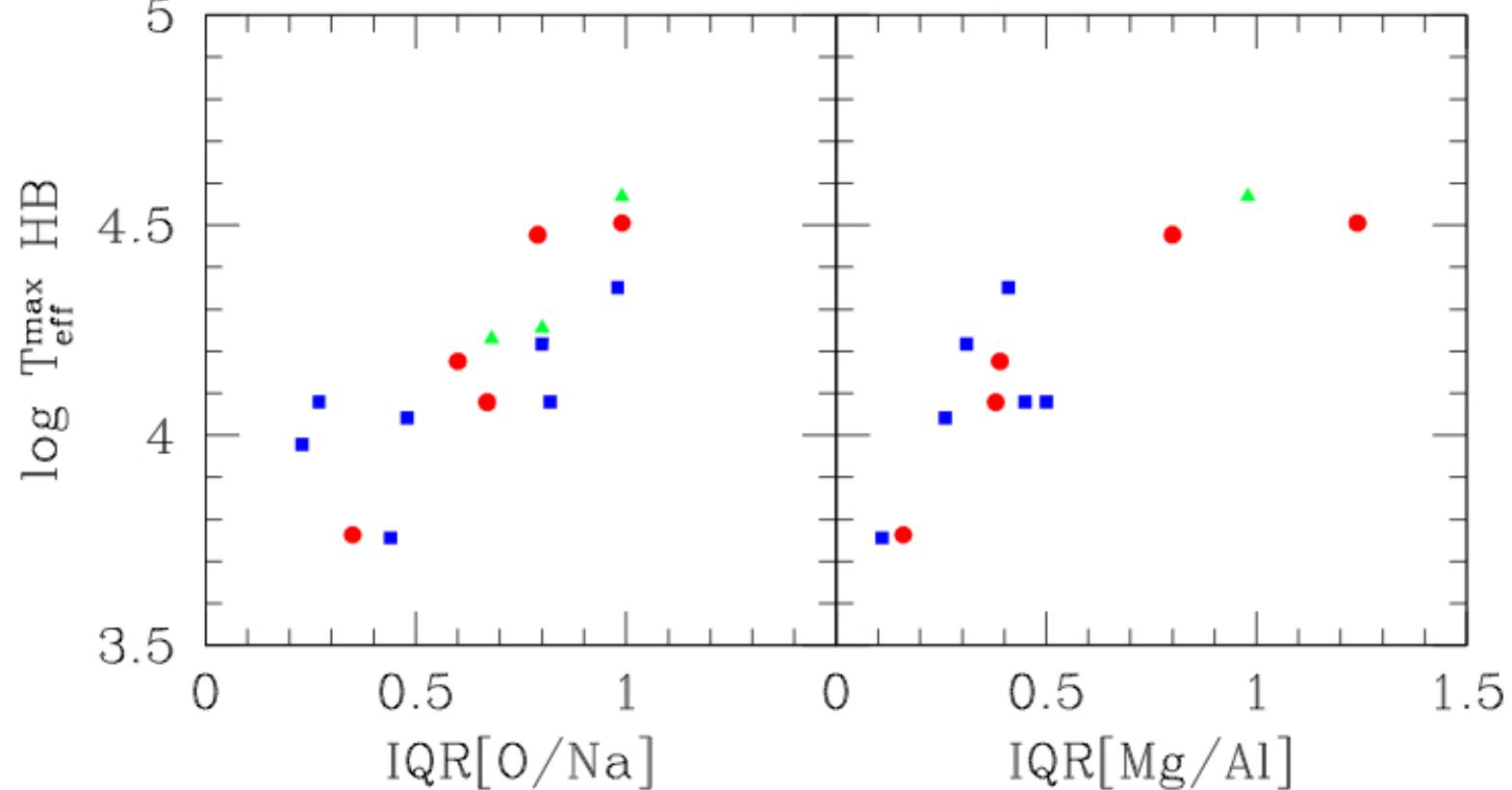


- ❖ He variations affect HB morphology
- ❖ High He stars arrive less massive on HB, bluer
- ❖ Variations in light elements connected to He
- ❖ High Na low O stars rich in He

D'Antona & Caloi (2004)

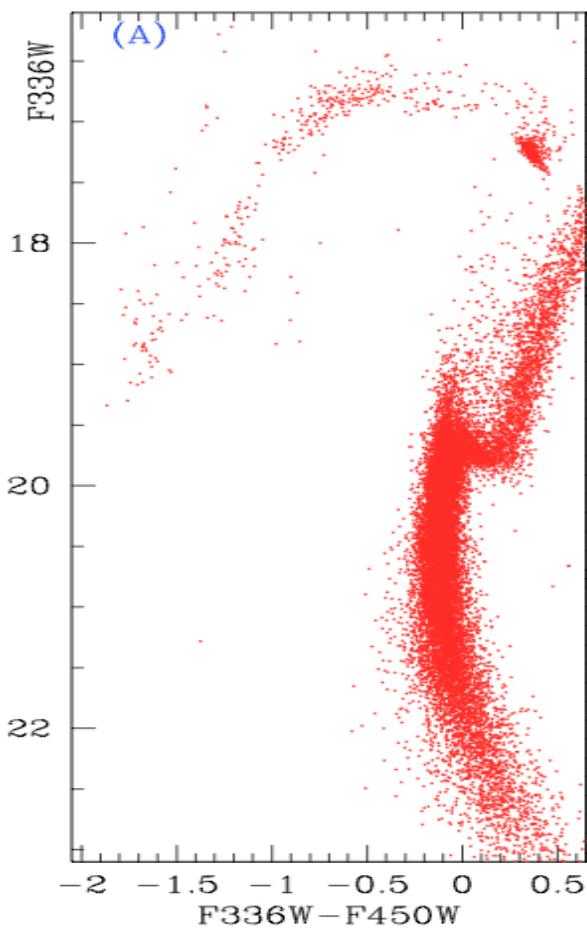
HB and anticorrelations

Carretta et al. 2007

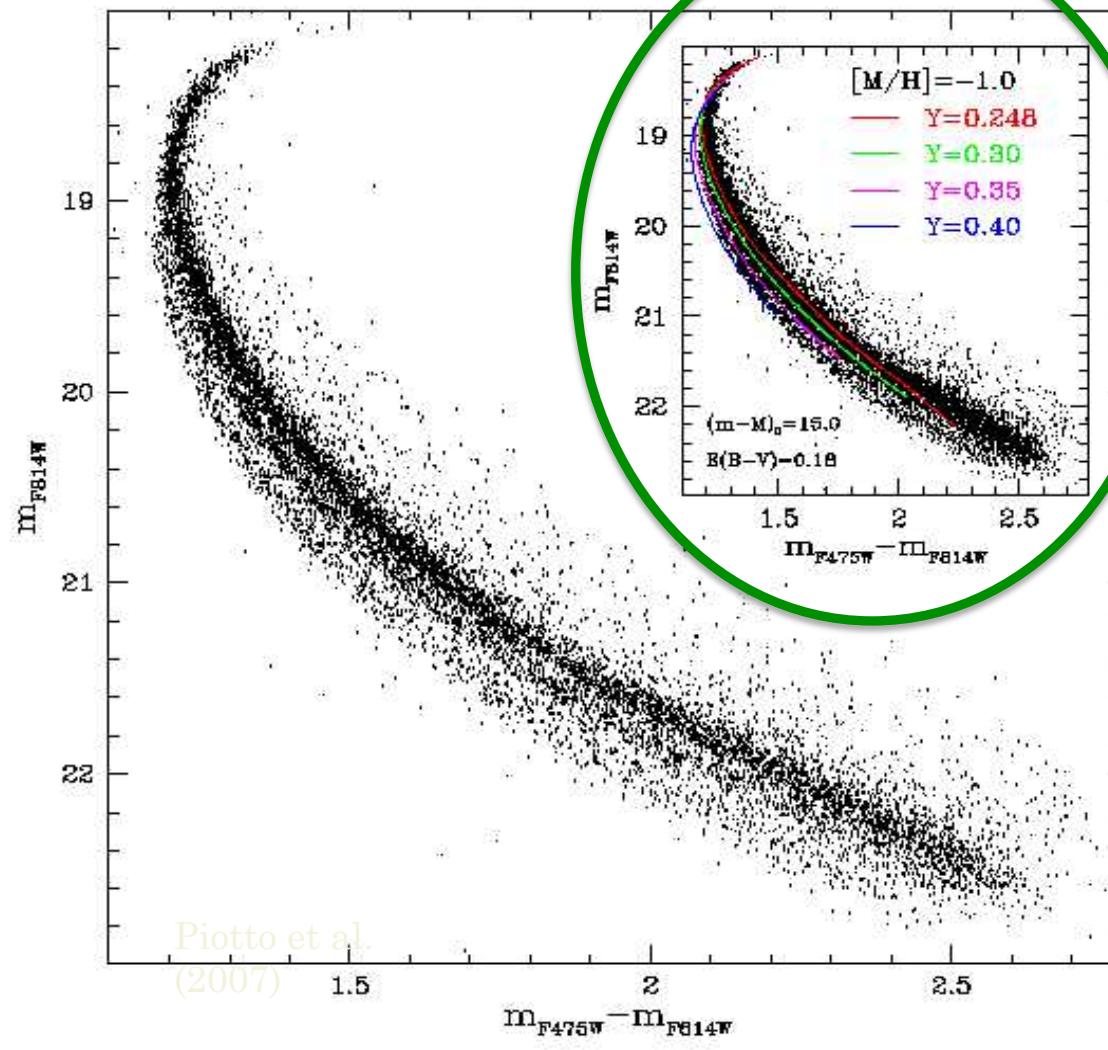


- ✧ HB abundance studies in M4 (Marino et al. 2011; Villanova et al. 2011); NGC6752 (Villanova et al. 2009)

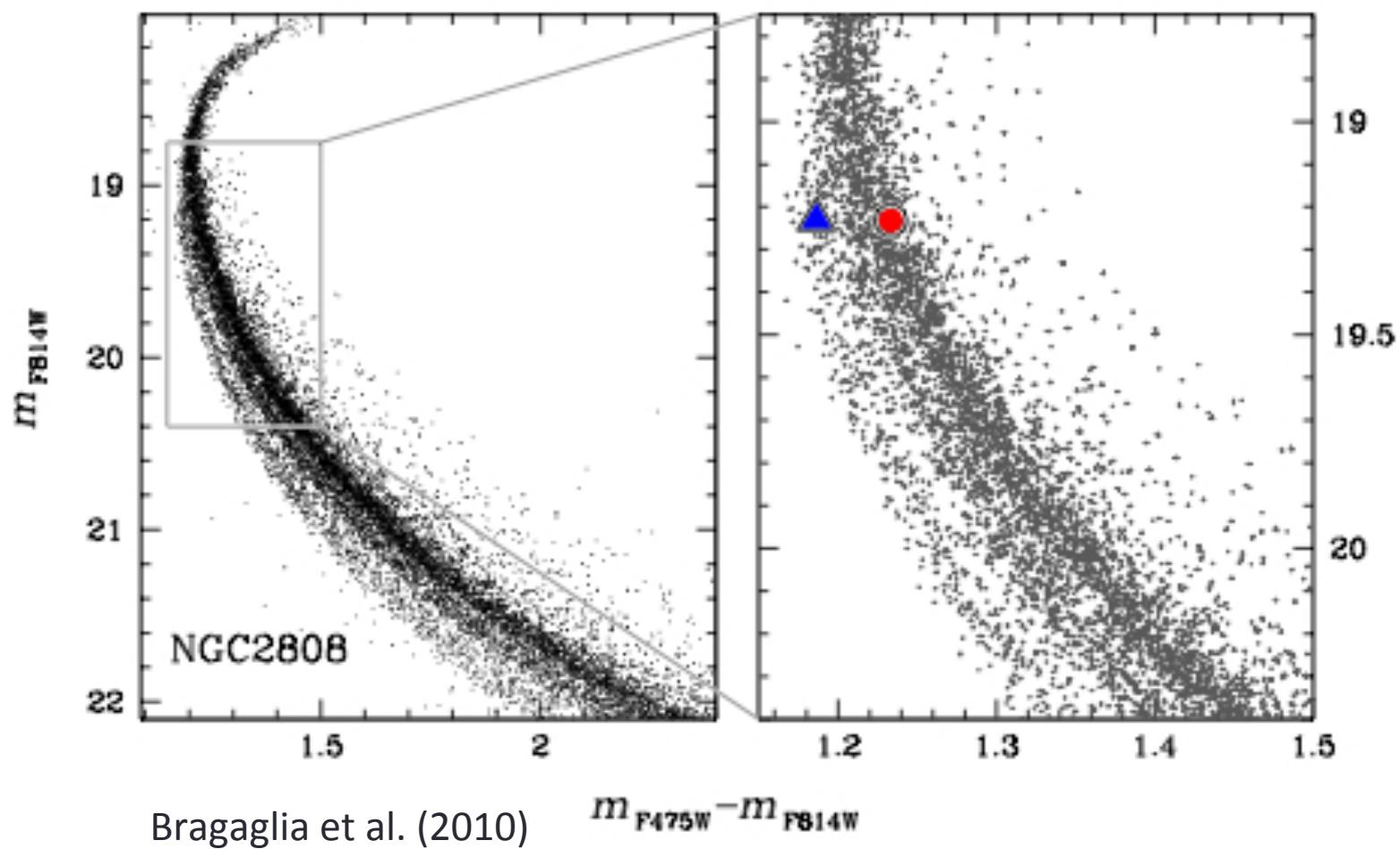
NGC2808



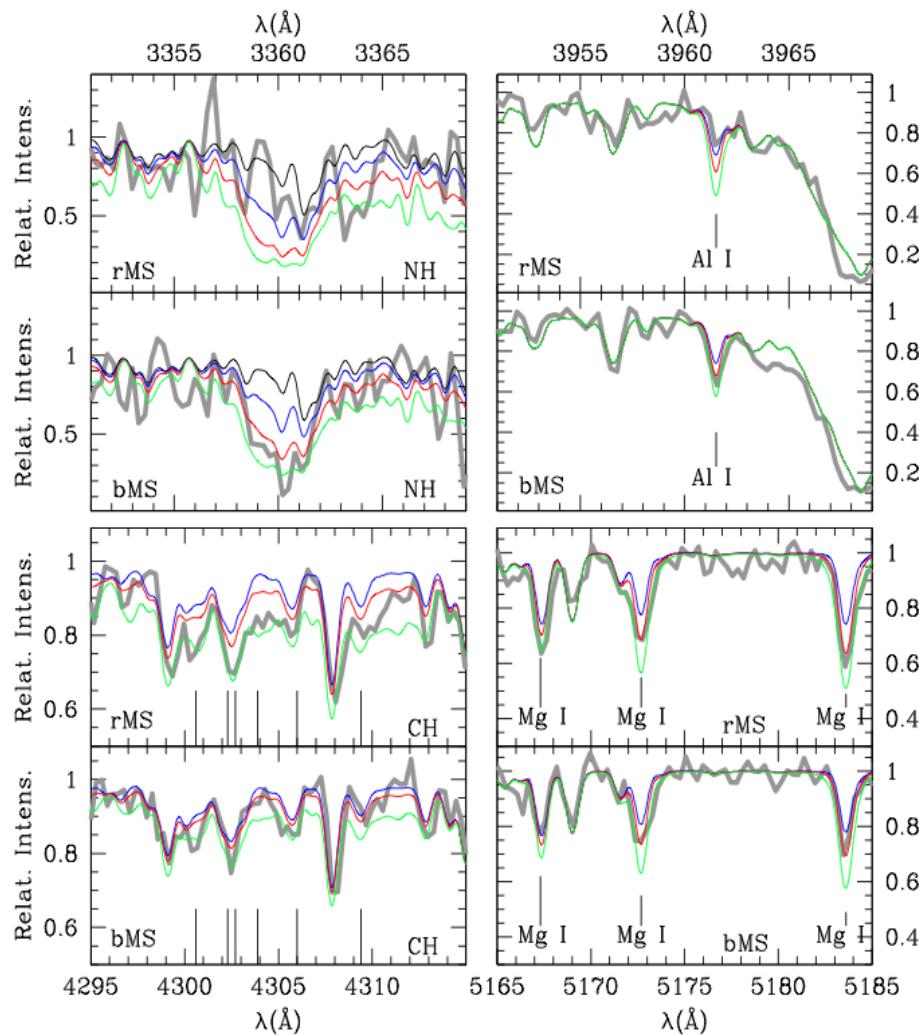
Momany et al. 2004



NGC 2808 MS stars composition



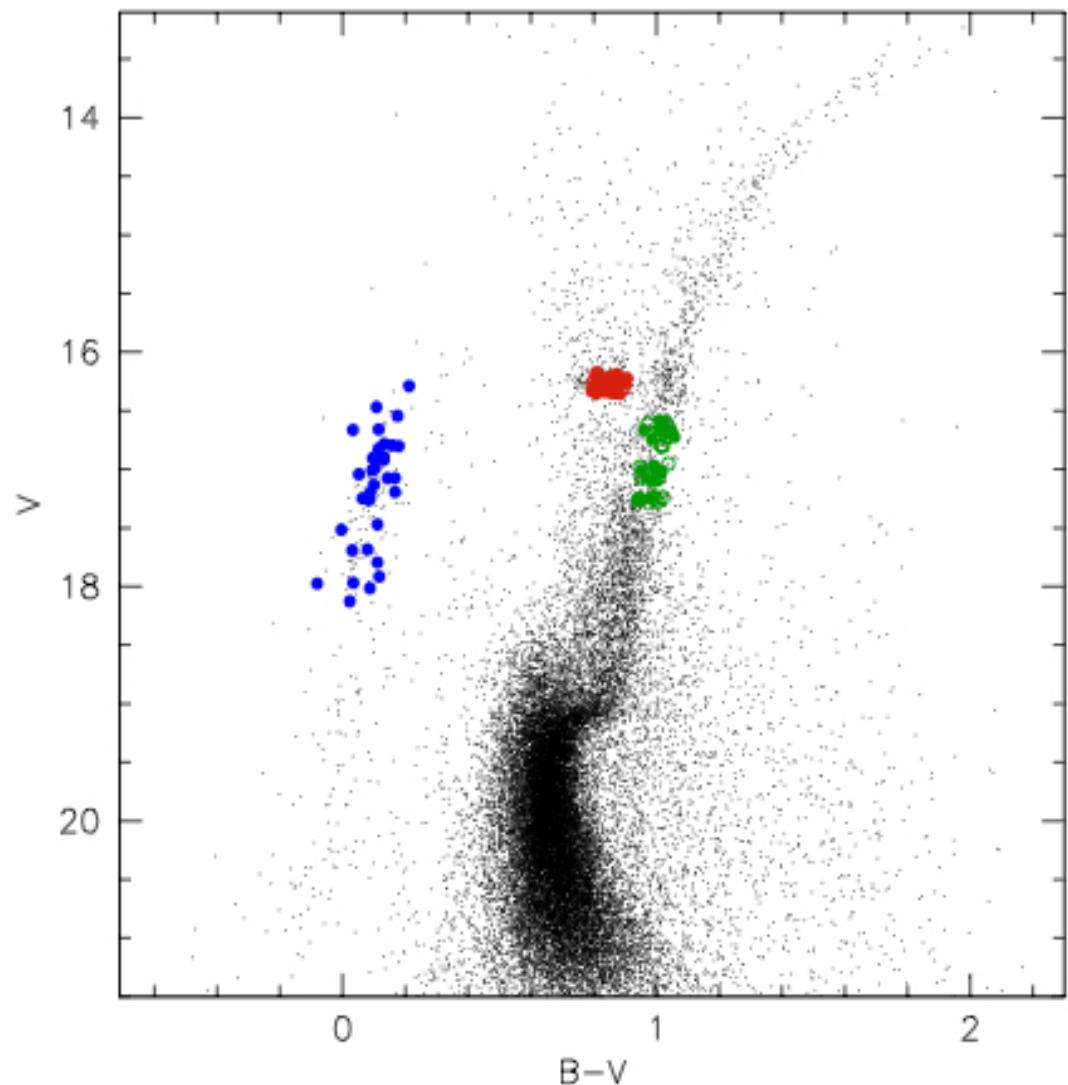
Abundances of NGC2808 MS stars



[Fe/H]=-1.1 [Fe/H]=-1.1
[C/Fe]=-0.3 [C/Fe]=-0.7
[N/Fe]=0.5 [N/Fe]=2.0
[Al/Fe]=-0.6 [Al/Fe]=1.0
[Mg/Fe]=0.4 [Mg/Fe]=0.1
[Na/Fe]=-0.3 [Na/Fe]=0.7

Bragaglia et al. (2010)

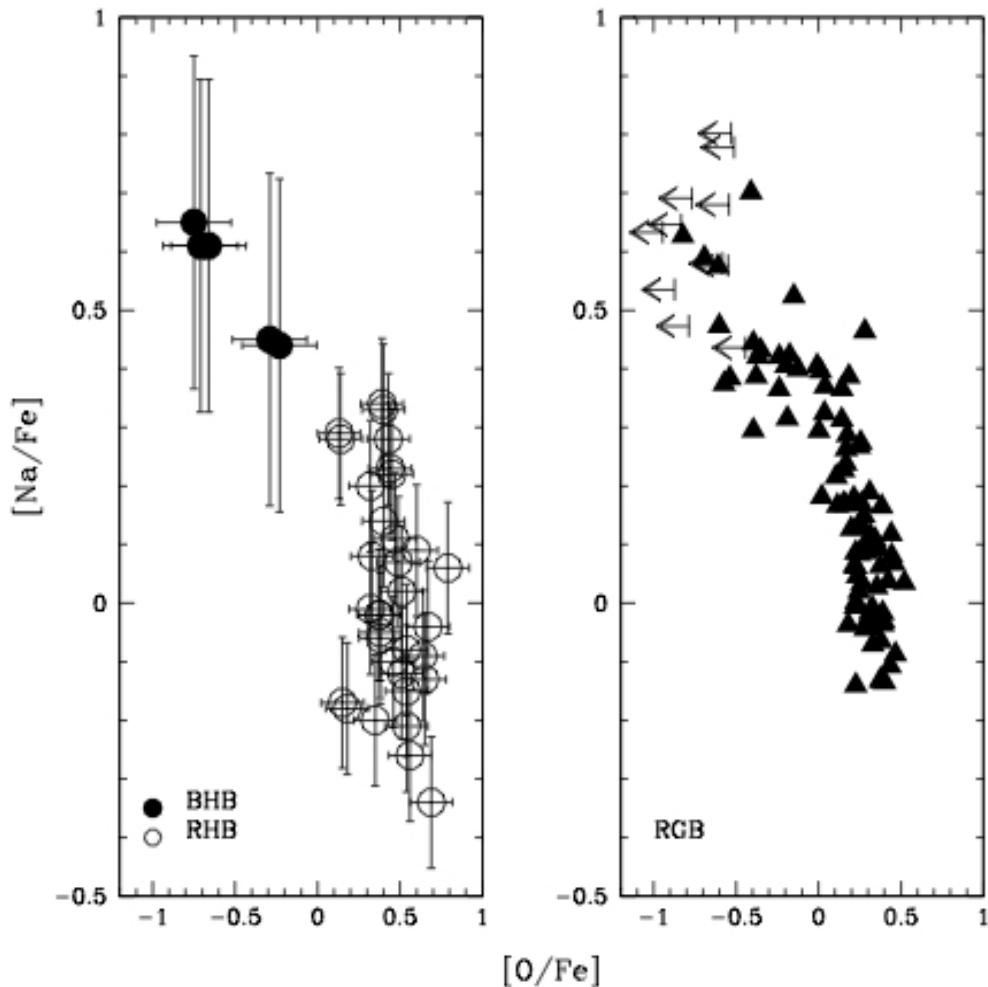
HB FLAMES observations



49 RHB
36 BHB
34 RGB

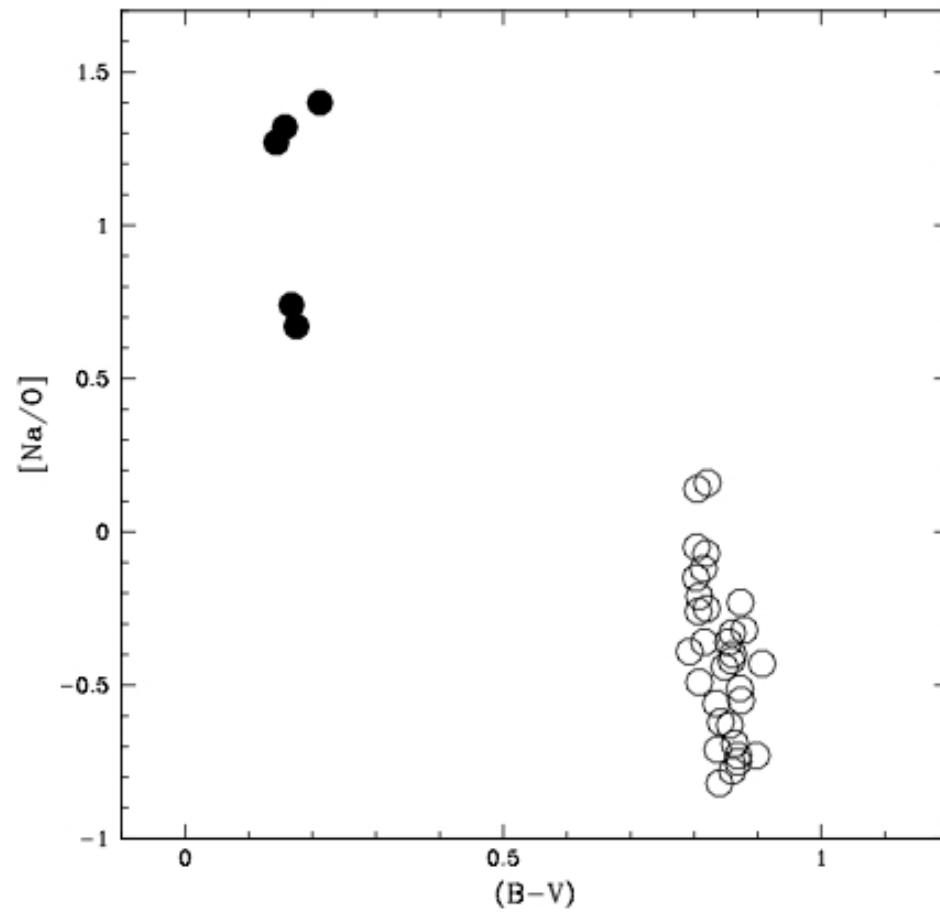
$\lambda \sim 5820\text{-}6146 \text{ \AA}$
 $\lambda \sim 7745\text{-}8335 \text{ \AA}$

HB stars abundances



Members
37 RHB
6 BHB with $T_{\text{eff}} < 11,500$

[Na/O] vs temperature



HB and multi-populations

- ✧ BHB stars are high Na-low O
- ✧ RHB stars more O rich (Na poor), some spread
- ✧ Multiple populations explanation for HB morphology!
- ✧ Possible Na-O in RHB, maybe mixture of populations
- ✧ RHB -> red MS; BHB intermediate MS. EBT blue MS? More data on MS coming!