

# ASTR-1 Spring 2017: Quiz 1

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1. Different than the Earth with its 23.5 degree tilt between its spin axis and orbital axis, Venus has a spin axis that is aligned with its orbital axis. For Venus, label each of the following True (T) or False (F)

F The seasonal changes on Venus would be most pronounced at the equator and least pronounced at the poles

T The number of daylight hours in a day anywhere on Venus would not change through the Venus year.

2. Use scientific notation to express the following numbers.

- A.  $1000 = 10^3$
- B.  $0.002 = 2 \times 10^{-3}$
- C.  $1/100 = 0.01 = 10^{-2}$
- D.  $30,000 = 3 \times 10^4$

3. What time does the full moon (phase where we can see the full sunlit side) rise? Draw a picture to demonstrate your answer.

At Sunset



Sun



Earth



Moon

4. Suppose you lived on a planet with an atmosphere that scattered red light more efficiently than blue light. Label the following True (T) or False (F) for that planet.

T The Sun would appear redder at noon than it did at sunset

T The color of the sky looking away from the Sun during the day would be red

5. Day and night on Earth are due to (check any that are true):

- A. The tilt of the Earth's spin axis with respect to its orbital plane around the Sun
- B. The influence of the Moon's gravity
- C. The spin of the Earth on its axis
- D. The motion of the Sun through space

6. Which of the following statements are true (T) and which false (F) regarding radio waves and visible light?

- A. **False** Radio waves are a form of electromagnetic radiation, visible light is a pressure wave
- B. **True** Radio waves travel the same speed as visible light (each in a vacuum)
- C. **False** Radio waves have a shorter wavelength than visible light radiation
- D. **False** Radio waves can travel through a vacuum, visible light requires an atmosphere to be transmitted

7. What color is a yellow banana slug illuminated with blue light (check the correct answer)?

- A. Yellow
- B. Green
- C. Blue
- D. Black

8. Consider a 1-meter-radius solid copper sphere heated to 100C and a 1-meter-radius solid gold sphere heated to 100C. Label the following true (T) or false(F):

- A. **False** The copper sphere will produce radiation at shorter wavelengths (higher energies)
- B. **False** The copper sphere will produce more total electromagnetic radiation
- C. **True** The two spheres will produce identical continuous spectra
- D. **False** The gold sphere will produce a distinctive emission-line spectrum

9. Mercury's surface has a high density of impact craters. This is because (check any that are true).

- A. Mercury's surface is metallic and easily fractured
- B. There is essentially no atmosphere on the Mercury
- C. There is no volcanic or tectonic activity resurfacing Mercury
- D. There is a much higher density of asteroid near Mercury because it is close to the Sun

10. The emission-line spectrum of each element in gas state shows a unique pattern of wavelengths. Which of the following statements best states the underlying physical reason for that (check one)?

- Each element has a unique atomic weight
- Each element travels at a different speed in a gas of a given temperature
- Each element has a different number of neutrons in its nucleus
- Each element has a unique set of electron "allowed" orbital levels