1 Problem 4: AY257 Spring 2008

At http://www.ucolick.,org/ bolte/AY257/PROBLEM4/WD are a number of fits files with LRIS-B spectra. The frames are overscan subtracted and trimmed. They have never been reduced. The program is to identify white dwarfs in young open clusters with the goals of identifying the critical main-sequence mass above which stars explode as core-collapse supernova and below which they become white dwarfs and mapping the initial-mass final-mass relation for WDs.

WD candidates have been identified in the field the open cluster NGC 2168 through UBV photometry. Spectra were obtained with LRIS-B of the candidates. These are the files n2168_WB1.fits n2168_WB2.fits etc.. There are also two frames with spectra of the faintest WD candidate members of Praesepe (read Claver et al. 2001, ApJ, 563, 987). Additional frames were obtained of bright field WDs with known effective temperature and surface gravity (WD...,EGGRxx,PG0048+202) and a spectrophotometric standard (hz14). There is also a quartz-flat spectrum and line lamp spectrum obtained in the afternoon.

- 1. Extract the spectra (noao.twod.apextract, apall).
- 2. Extract the line lamp spectrum (ARC.fits) using one of the bright WD spectra for a reference aperture. Use noao.oned.identify to fit the lamp spectrum. The lines are from three lamps: Hg, Cd and Zn. refspec and dispcor each of the extracted spectra.
- 3. Use hz14 plus the tasks *standard*, *sensfunc* and *calibrate* to determine the flux calibration and apply it to the program spectra.
- 4. Identify each of the objects (g-star, white dwarf etc.).
- 5. for the white dwarfs in the sample, measure the equivalent width and FWHM (I recommend the Lorentzian: 'k', 'l') for the H_{γ} line and use the diagram in the directory called wd.ps to estimate $t_{\rm eff}$ and $\log(g)$ for each of the WDs including the WD "standards". Note the handy *splot* feature 's' to smooth noisy spectra.
- 6. Estimate the radial velocity of each WD, first correcting the individual spectra in wavelength based on the night-sky emission lines, then measuring the centers of the Balmer lines. Use noao.rv *rvcorrect* to determine the heliocentric correction and apply it.