

$V_{\text{escape}} = \text{SQRT}(2MG/R)$ ;  $M_{\text{Earth}} = 6 \times 10^{27}$  grams;  $R_{\text{Earth}} = 6.4 \times 10^8$  cm;  $c = 3 \times 10^{10}$  cm/second

**1. Which of the following are True (T) and which False (F) in describing an event horizon?**

- T It is the distance from a singularity where the escape velocity is the speed of light
- F It is the extent of the gravitational influence of a black hole
- F The event horizon of a million solar mass black hole would be much smaller than that of a ten solar mass black hole.
- T No electromagnetic radiation can travel from inside the event horizon to outside

**2. Which of the following are predictions of Special or General Relativity? (label T rue or F alse)**

- F If you are in a spaceship moving at 0.9 the speed of light and shine a flashlight in the direction of travel, you will measure the speed of the light beam to be 0.1c ( $3 \times 10^7$  m/sec).
- T Mass warps the space-time fabric of the universe
- F Time reverses as an object approaches the speed of light
- T Electromagnetic radiation traveling near a mass will appear to bend as it follows a straight line through curved space

**3. Which of the following best describes the calculation of the Schwarzschild radius for an object with mass M? (select one)**

- X Set velocity equal to the speed of light in the equation for escape velocity and solve for radius at a given M
- Calculate the maximum radius for a neutron star and adjust by the maximum mass for a neutron star  $3M_{\text{Sun}}$  divided by M (a factor of  $3M_{\text{Sun}}/M$ )
- Calculate the equivalent energy for an object using  $E=Mc^2$  and use this to determine the closest orbit of a photon before it is captured by the object
- Determine the radius from a mass M where time slows to zero based on the time dilation formula from Special and General Relativity

**4. Which of the following statements about the Milky Way Galaxy are (T) rue and which (F) alse?**

- T It is a member of the Local Group of a few hundred galaxies
- F It is one of the largest (in mass and radius) galaxies we know of in the Universe
- T Star formation is still on going in the Milky Way Galaxy
- F It is known to contain  $\sim 10^5$  (100,000) stars in total and a slightly larger number of planets

**5. The escape velocity from the surface of the Earth is ~25,000 miles/hour. If the mass of the Earth increased by a factor of four but the radius stayed the same, what would be the escape velocity from the more-massive Earth?**

$V_{\text{escape}} \propto \text{SQRT}(M)$ ; so if M increases by a factor of 4,  $V_{\text{escape}}$  increases by a factor of  $\text{SQRT}(4) = 2$ . So, the escape velocity from the more massive Earth is  $2 \times 25,000 = 50,000$  mph

6. Which of the following are processes that produce elements with atomic number larger than Iron? (select any that are)

- addition of neutrons to existing nuclei followed by “beta” decay (emission of an electron)
- the fusion of helium to light nuclei resulting in the “even-odd effect”
- non-equilibrium fusion reactions during supernova explosions producing Co and Ni
- the rapid addition of protons to existing nuclei

7. Which of the following provide evidence for space-time expansion? (select any that do)

- The vast majority of galaxies appear to be moving away from the Milky way Galaxy
- The deflection of starlight seen during a solar eclipse
- Energetic jets observed near QSOs and active galactic nuclei
- The blueshift of light from the Andromeda Galaxy

8. Which of the following are part of the scenario for SNI? (select any that are)

- Mass transfer from a close companion onto a white dwarf
- The collapse of a white dwarf whose mass exceeds  $8M_{\text{Sun}}$  (8 times the mass of the Sun)
- The formation of a neutron star
- Fusion reactions in a collapsing white dwarf that produce elements including radioactive cobalt and nickel

9. Which of the following are part of the reasoning chain that leads us to believe that binary system Cygnus X-1 contains a stellar-mass black hole? (select any that are true)

- There is an unseen companion in the system that is emitting degenerate electrons
- There is an unseen companion that is at least  $5M_{\text{Sun}}$  but is not visible at optical wavelengths and is therefore not a red giant or main-sequence star
- There is an unseen companion that is at least  $5M_{\text{Sun}}$  which excludes the possibility that it could be a white dwarf or neutron star
- The system emits “hard” (short-wavelength) X-rays from material heated to high temperature near the black hole

10. What is the evidence for a dominant dark matter component of the Galaxy? (select as many as are correct)

- Planets in the outer solar system orbit the Sun at larger and larger speeds
- gravitational lens experiments have demonstrated a population of black holes in the Galactic bulge
- the “rotation curve” of the Galaxy is flat: stars in the outer parts of the Galactic disk orbit faster than expected based on the stars and gas seen inside their orbits
- Galaxies at increasing distances have larger recessional velocities