

## ANGULAR MEASURE

$$\pi = 3.14159\dots$$

$$2 \pi \text{ radians} = 360^\circ$$

$$1 \text{ radian} = 57^\circ.296$$

$$1 \text{ degree} = 60' = 60 \text{ arc min}$$

$$1 \text{ arc min} = 60'' = 60 \text{ arc sec}$$

$$1 \text{ radian} = 206265''.806$$

Number of square degrees on sky = 41,252.961

## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

Speed of light	c	$2.99792 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm s}^{-1}$
Constant of gravitation	G	$6.672 \times 10^{-8} \text{ dyne cm}^2 \text{ g}^{-2}$
Planck's constant	h	$6.626 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg s}$
Boltzmann's constant	k	$1.381 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg (deg K)}^{-1}$
Mass hydrogen atom	$m_H$	$1.673 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$
Avogadro's number	$N_A$	$6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ g}^{-1}$
Mass electron	$m_e$	$9.1095 \times 10^{-28} \text{ g}$
Charge on the electron	e	$4.803 \times 10^{-10} \text{ electrostatic units}$
Stefan-Boltzmann radiation constant	$\sigma$	$5.670 \times 10^{-5} \text{ erg cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} (\text{deg K})^{-4}$
Radiation energy density constant	$a = 4\sigma/c$	$7.56 \times 10^{-15} \text{ erg cm}^{-3} (\text{deg K})^{-4}$
Constant in Wien's Law	$\lambda_{\max} T$	$0.28979 \text{ cm (deg K)}^{-1}$
Electron volt	eV	$1.6022 \times 10^{-12} \text{ erg}$
Million electron volts	MeV	$10^6 \text{ eV}$
Angstrom	A	$10^{-8} \text{ cm}$
1 Megaton of TNT	MT	$4.2 \times 10^{22} \text{ erg}$

## ASTRONOMICAL CONSTANTS

Astronomical Unit	AU	$1.495978707 \times 10^{13}$ cm
Parsec	pc	206265 AU
		3.262 ly
		$3.086 \times 10^{18}$ cm
Light year	ly	$9.4605 \times 10^{17}$ cm
		$6.324 \times 10^4$ AU
(siderial) year	yr	$3.155815 \times 10^7$ s
Mass of Earth	$M_E$	$5.977 \times 10^{27}$ g
(Equatorial) radius of Earth	$R_E$	$6.378 \times 10^8$ cm
Mass of sun	$M_\odot$	$1.989 \times 10^{33}$ g
Radius of sun	$R_\odot$	$6.960 \times 10^{10}$ cm
Luminosity of sun	$L_\odot$	$3.83 \times 10^{33}$ erg s <sup>-1</sup>
Solar constant at Earth	S	$1.37 \times 10^6$ erg cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>

## MISCELLANEOUS

Area circle	$A = \pi R^2$
Area of a sphere	$A = 4\pi R^2$
Volume of a sphere	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$
Latitude of Santa Cruz	36.9998 degrees N
Longitude of Santa Cruz	122.0624 degrees W
Temperature in K	Temperature in C + 273.15
Temperature in F	(Temperature in C)*9/5 + 32
5 magnitudes	factor of 100 in flux
For very small $\theta \ll 1$ radian	$\sin \theta \approx \tan \theta \approx \theta$